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Resi the Haroniian Genette (Somi-Weekly).

MANILA HARBOR SEES TERRIBLE CONFLICT

Dewey's Squadron Almost Annihilates Spain's Entire Naval Forces in the Philippines.

Cannonading for Nearly Hours-Movements in Atlantic Uncertain-More Prizes of War.

LONDON, May 1.—The Asiatic squadron of the United States, Commodore Dewey commanding, to-day engaged and completely defeated the Asiatic squadron of Spain in the harbor of Manila in the Phillippine Islands. All the news of the great naval battle thus far received is coming from Spanish sources. This shows conclusivelyt hat Manila has not yet been taken by the American forces and that the cable lines are still under the control of Spain.

From the fact that even the advices received from Madrid show that the American warships fared best, there is hardly any doubt that when complete details are obtainable it willbe learned that it was a crushing defeat for Spain.

Reports of the battle thus far are coming in piecemeal.

During the two engagements that took place Commodore Montijo, commanding the Spanish fleet, lost three of his largest ships. His flagship, the armored cruiser Maria Reina Christina, and the armored cruiser Castilla were burned, and the cruiser Don Juan de Austria was blown up. Several other Spanish vessels were badly damaged.

Under the protection of the guns of their fortifications the Spanish warships opened fire on the American fleet.

For several hours the harbor resounded with the roar of guns, the crashing of steel timbers and the shrieks and groans of the wounded. Thick clouds of smoke at times almost obscured the opposing fleets from each other.

A well-directed shot reached the iron cruiser Don Juan de Austria, a vessel of 1100 tons. A terrific explosion followed and the ship was blown up.

All the time during the first engagement the American ships were under way, their maneuvering being intended to render the marksmanship of Spanish gunners less effective.

There was a heavy loss of life among the Spanish. Captain . Cardase, commanding the Maria Cristina, was killed.

Commodore Montijo, commanding the fleet, shifted his flag from the Maria Cristina to the Isla de Cuba, a much smaller steel protected cruiser, just before the Cristina sank.

The blowing up of the Don Juan de Austria was attended by a great loss of life among the crew, her commander also being killed.

Commodore Dewey's squadron, leaving Subig Bay, a few miles fro mManila, about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, proceeded toward Manila. Under the cover of darkness he entered the harbor of Manila, the batteries located there announcing his arrival.

Both fleets lined up for battle at daybreak—about 5 o'clock this morning. The guns of the American warships began firing on the fortress of Cavite and the arsenal of Manila.

The American squadron, about 9 o'clock drew off to the east side of the bay and took refuge behind some foreign vessels. The ships had evidently suffered consicrable damage.

After they had made some hasty repairs they returned to the conflict. During this engagement the guns of Cavite maintained a steadier and stronger fire upon Commodore Dewey's ships than in the first encounter, but the American guns were briged with telling effect. As the smoke lifted it was seen that the flagship Maria Beina Cristina was on fire. The vessel was completely burned.

In the interval between the two engagements Commodore Montijo moved his flag from the Cristina to the smaller cruiser Isla de Cuba. To the fact that he made this change he doubtless owes his life.

The croiser Castilla, next to the largest and most powerful of the Spanish squadron, was also burned. The cruiser Don Antonio de Ulioa and the Mindanao were also badly damaged in the encounter.

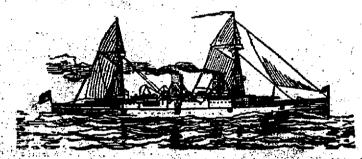
That the American squadron received severe damage in the encounter cannot be doubted. Early reports had it that five of Commodore Dewey's fleet had been sunk. Later advices from Madrid put the number at two. I have been able to ascertain nothing more definite than this, but I consider it highly

significant that the latest advices I have received from Madrid and Lisbon make no mention of an American being destroyed. There were, undoubtedly, heavy losses in men on both

One apparently trustworthy report states that the Spanish had 200 killed and 400 wounded.

Trustworthy details of the American loss of life will hardly be obtainable until Commodore Dewey has taken Manila or has sent a vessel with dispatches to Hongkong.





IDORR DEWBY AND HIS PLAGSHIP THE OLYMPIA

Forts on share opened fire first. Terrific bombardment of he American ships soon ended the light. . . .

Four hundred Spaniards are reported killed, this including two commanders.

American ships are apparently uninjured.

Manila may be bombarded now. The step was expected unless there was a surrender.

Consul Williams left Manila just in time to reach Hong Kong and join Commodore Dewey's fleet before it sailed to the

Philippines. Williams is supposed to have carried to the Commodore complete data regarding the defense of Manila, and particularly the mines and torpedoes in the harbor. This, with the information supplied by the insurgent chiefs, probably enabled Dewey to take his fleet safely into the harbor at night.

LONDON, May 3.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard, telegraphing at midnight, says:

"Senor Agueilera, the civil governor of Madrid, has just posted on the walls of the Home Office the customary proclamation intimating that the civil authorities consider the circumstances justify the handing over to the military authorities the mission of keeping order.

"Lieutenant-General Daban, captain-general of Madrid, has assumed charge and the first military patrols have just appeared in the Puerto del Sol. The measure has been taken in consequence of the attitude of certain political parties since yesterday. The whole garrison is ready in barracks."

(Special to the S. F. Bulletin).

NEW YORK, May 4.—A Key West dispatch says:

It is understood that this city is to be placed under martial law on Friday, and the first step of the military will be to arrest a dozen Americans who are known to be in the employ

The blockade of Cuba has been more or less of a failure, and a number of small craft have succeeded in reaching Havana and Mantansas with supplies.

An officer of the Iowa says there is proof that the Italian man-of-war Giovanni Bausan landed ammunition in Havana.

(Special to the S. F. Bulletin).

NEW YORK, May 4.—A Key West dispatch says:

Late intelligence regarding the movements of Sampson's fleet shows it is the intention of the Admirah to attack and occupy Porto Rico before the Spanish fleet arrives. After destroying the base of supplies there the American fleet will put to sea in search of the Spanish vessels.

NEW YORK, May 4.—A dispatch fro mKey West says: The crew of the United States steamer Eagle, formerly the yacht Almy, are positive that one Spanish gunboat was sunk in the fight at Cienfuegos, and that a torpedo boat was badly damaged. It was necessary to stop the Spaniards' gunnery. which was excellent. One shot knocked two feet off the Bagle's bowsprit, and two flew over the decks. The Eagle was alone at the beginning and the Spanish had ten boats, but the little ship edged in as close as possible. The Engle's people say the Spaniards did excellent shooting. The cruiser Marblehead, steaming up, got a warm reception, but made the Spanighds run. Both ships fired over a hundred shots each.

LISBON, May 4.—News has been received here to the effect that the Spanish Cape Verde Squadron has returned to join

(Continued on page two).

FOR ANNEXATION

Argument Used By Senator Lodge the Subject.

Would Be Valuable as Base of Sup plies for Operations in the East.

NEW YORK, May 2.-The Herald's Washington correspondent telegraphs:

Rear Admiral Dewey's gailant achievements of yesterday and the able and courageous support given him by the officers and men of his fleet render it imperative that the Government should not hesitate a moment to send supplies to him by the fleetest ships that sail out of San Francisco. This is no time to speculate what eastern ports may be open to our ships or indulge in "what might have been" discussions in the event of the auneration of the Hawalian Islands. The prompt and vigorous action of Rear Admiral Dewey in front of the Spanish fleet inspired the Secretary of the Navy to take immediate measure to relieve our fleet in the Pacific Ocean of any embarrassment it might feel for want of

Accordingly, orders were telegraphed to San Francisco this morning for the Government authorities to select two of the swiftest ships at that port, load them with coal and dispatch them at once to the relief Admiral Dewey's

It was during the consideration of this subject that the question of annexing Hawaii forced itself to the front. Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, Senator Frye of Maine and Senator Gray of Deleware, three of the ablest and best-informed members of the Committee on Foreign Relations, were at the Navy Department and discussed the proposition with Secretary Long. Senator Lodge said he regretted very much the fallure of the United States to annex Hawaii several years ago.

"We never needed it as much as we need it today, added the Massachusetts Senator, with great earnestness "It would be an invaluable piece of property at this moment and to my opinion the United States should not hesitate a moment longer about accepting the generous and thoroughly business-like proposition of the Hawaiian Government.

"Some of the wise men of this generation." continued Senator Lodge. were shrewd enough to appreciate the necessity of the acquisition of Hawaii by the United States. It our people who were opposed to annexation would throw aside political and personal considerations and look at the situation from an international standpoint and as a plain, practical, business proposition they would insist on the immediate ratification of the treaty now pending before the Senate. Take existing conditions into consideration and any reasonable man will be struck at once with the importance of the United States having a base of supplies in the Pacific Ocean. Here is our gallant Agiatic squadron fighting successfully to uphold the national standard in that far away eastern country. We have no means of knowing at the present moment what injuries our ships and crews have sustained in yesterday's conflict. We are also in the dark as to the supply of coal the fleet has at its diposal. With all foreign ports closed against us our only recourse is to ship a coal supply from San Francisco.

"How different would be the conditions if Hawaii had been annexed to the United States before this war with Spain came on. With cable communication between Hawaii and San Francisco we could relieve Rear Admiral Dewey's fleet from any embarrassment It may be subjected to for want of coal. Consider the difference in the number of days it takes to go from San Francisco to Manila and that Hawall is more than half-way between those points, and it is at once apparent that Hawaii would be of inestimable value as part of United States territory.

A Wathington dispatch of May 8 to the Call cays that the proposition to take the Islands has met with opposition in the Senate, and that in consequence it is probable there will be no further agitation until the opposition changes beart.

Flagship Olympia.

The U. S. F. S. Olympia, which carries the flag of Commodore Dewey in Manila harbor, was built at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco. She was billeted for a stay in this port in the fall of 1895, but remained outside a week. This was on account of the cholera asbore. A special hasin, 33 feet of water at low tide, had been made in naval row here for the Olympia. Later is was thought that the Oregon would occupy this berth.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The government has obtained possession either by purchase or charter of the Pacific Mail steamship City of Pekin, now at San Francisco, and she will be put in condition to sail by the 15th at the latest, with coal, stores and troops for Manila.

PARIS, May 3.—General Woodford, former United States Minister at Madrid, is a passenger on board La Touraine, which left Havre Saturday for New York.

ON BOARD THE HERALD-CALL DISPATCH-BOAT, SOMMERS N. SMITH, off Key, via Key West, Fla., May 2.— The cruisers Marblehead and Nashville and the converted yacht Eagle, forming the fourth division of the North Atlantic squadron and under command of Commander Bowman H. McCalla of the Marblehead, sailed the early part of last week for the south coast of Cuba. The division arrived off Cienfuegos on Friday morning. About 10 o'clock the Nashville sighted a steamer to the westward and began a chase. After a couple of hours the steamer was hove to by a shot across her bows, and an armed boat's crew was sent aboard.

The prize proved to be the Spanish mail steamer Argonata, bound from Batabano for Cienfuegos. The Argonata is an iron steamer of about 500 tons burden, single screw and twomasted, schooner rigged, laden with general cargo and carry. ing forty passengers. Among the latter were ten Spanish officers and ten soldiers. These, with their arms and accoutrements and 500 rounds of ammunition, were transferred to the Nashville. The prize was captured about eight miles west of Cienfuegos. The Marblehead steamed toward the Nashville and the Argonata and Eagle remained at the entrance to the

The Venezuela, a mail steamer from Havana, bound to Cienfuegos with mails, dispatches, etc., was captured by the Nashville off Cienfuegos with General Vincente de Cortejo and his staff—in all ten officers and 100 soldiers aboard. These were all detained as prisoners of war.

At half-past 12 o'closk the Eagle was seen to begin firing her guns. She hoisted a signal that she was being attacked by the enemy's torpedo-boats. The Marblehead steamed to the assistance of the little Eagle, which was firing her two guns. The Spanish torpedo-boat was inside the harbor firing her eight-inch guns at the Eagle,, but at long range, about 5000 vards.

The Marblehead was fired upon as soon as she was off the western point of the entrance to the harbor. Then Commander McCalla opened fire with his five-inch guns, and the torpedo-boat beat a hasty retreat. Many shells struck about the Eagle, and it is fortunate she was not struck. The range was long for the six-pounders with which the Eagle is armed. Captain Southerland, commanding the Eagle, says he thinks he struck the enemy several times. It is not known with certainty if any damage was done to the torpedo-boat. After the transfer of the prisoners from the prize to the Nashville the passengers of the Argonata were sent ashore under flags of truce in their own boats. The crew from the Nashville was put aboard the prize, and Ensign H. C. Kutzli was put in charge of it. After cruising about the entrance to the harbor until late in the afternoon the squadron steamed to the westward. The Nashville went to Key West for coal.

All the captured officers were lieutenants except one, Col-

onel Vicente de Cortigo y Navarro, commanding a cavalry regiment of Principe, who was on his way to Spain to be promoted to a generalship. The other officers had been stationed on the trocha near Batabano, and were being transferred to another station. The soldiers were bound for Santiago de Cuba. They are a sickly looking lot and showing the effect of the climate on Europeans. Colonel Vicente says that 280,000 soldiers have been sent from Spain, and to-day only 60,000 are fit for duty.

MARTIAL LAW IN MADRID.

MADRID, May 3.—The proclamation of martial law issued by the Governor-General expressly prohibits the publication of any news concerning the war or the movements of ships of the Spanish navy. The proclamation is couched in warlike language, beginning:

Whereas, Spain finding herself at war with the United States, the power of the civil authorities in Spain is suspended.

Whereas, it is necessary to prevent any impairment of the patriotic efforts which are being made by the nation with manly energy and veritable enthusiasm:

Article 1-A state of siege in Madrid is hereby proclaimed. Article 2-As a consequence of Article 1, all offenses against public order, those of the press included, will be tried by the military tribunals.

Article 3-In Article 2 are included offenses committed by those who, without special authorization, shall publish relative to any operations of war whatsoever.

Then follow the articles which prohibit meetings and public demontrations.

MADRID, May 3-2 a. m .- The mob to night tried to break into the Apollo Theater and hold a manifestation. The police prevented the attempt being successful, but the crowd broke all the windows before they were dispersed.

Immediately after the declaration of martial law a large number of police and civil guards occupied the principal streets. The Puerto del Sol is held by a squadron of the Princess Hussars, while the Pava Hussars ,dismounted, are in the Pontejas square near the telegraph office.

The Princess Hussars are a fine sight, their white uniforms gleaming in the bright moonlight, as they sit on horseback, immovable, in close order, in the court of the Puerto dei Sol while the patrol of civil guards is mechanically moving through the square which is nearly deserted.

Considering the extraordinary precautions that have been taken, there are remarkably few people about.

The Petrel, Boston, Olympia, Concord, Raleigh and Balti-

GIBRALTAR, May 3 .- Alarming rumors are circulated about town regarding the Madrid situation. It is said that Senator Moret, the Minister of the Colonies, and General Campos have been murdered. It is further rumored that Premier Ragasta has been forced to seek safety at the British Legation.

General Basilo Augustin y Davila, who refused to surrender Manila at Commodore Dewey's demand, has been Captain-General of the Phillippines only about a month, succeeding Primo de Rivera. He is one of the distinguished soldiers of Spain, having held high commands. He is 58 years old.

THEY ARE UNFIL. Reported Deficiencies

Equipment.

NEW YORK, April 28.-A World special from Madrid says: The Spanish people are almost paralyzed with disappointment tonight that the combined squadrons at the Cape Vorde Islands sailed today for a destination which was not made public. Everybody believed that the fleet was nearly across the Atlantic and was about to attack United States ports. In was anhad left for America. Afterwards 2 dmiral Bermejo, Minister of Marine, told the public that the fleet was falf way over the ocean.

The diovernment's deception of the people is resented bitterly. The official announcement says that the fleet which sailed was composed of the first-Infanta Maria Teresa. Almirante, Oquendo and Vizcaya, torepdo boat destroyers Furor, Terror and Piuton and transport City of Cadiz. It was added that the torepdo boats Ariste, Rayo and Azor would return to Cadiz. If the small, unseaworthy torepdo boats are left behind to come home, it is presumed that the others intend to of coal for San Francisco, passed out cross the sea.

Public indignation at being triffed with in reference to the Cape Verde fleet, of which great things are spected. was intensified by the news that the battleship Peliayo only left Cartegena last Monday, and reached Cediz today. It was supposed that the Pellayo and another battleship, the Emperador Carlos V., were on the other side of the ocean by the time, and perhaps prebeen discovered in the fitting out of for the Queen Regent in her dire trouother vessels of war at navy yards, due ble. The Deutsche Zeitung thinks it partly to a scandalous deficiency of philipping equipment and supplies at the royal her claims upon Samoa. arsenals. 🦠

Spaniards are extremely angry with their Government. If the navy fails to come up to their extravagant expectations, or meets with serious reverses. there will be an uprising of the people which will be irresistable.

THEY ARE NEUTRAL.

Japan and Chius Make Their Annonncements

WASHINGTON, May 3.-The Japanese Minister was notified by the Foreign Office at Tokio last night that decree of neutrality had been issued. He has so informed the State Department. The dispatch does not give the terms of the decree. It serves to close Japanese ports rather sooner than was

China issued her neutrality prociamation today; so there is no place on the Asiatic coast left open to the free use of the war vessels of either Spain or the United States. This is rather remarkable in that it marks the first action of this kind upon the part of is believed the truth of the statement China, which has never before issued is established by the great volumes of a neutrality proclamation, and the nav-smoke which were noticed rising from al officers are duly grateful for the the interior of the island yesterday. consideration shown by the Chinese Government in withholding the issue of the decree until informed that the of this city unanimously declare that Americans had secured a base in the Philippine Islands.

PHILLIPPINE INSURGENTS.

They Purpose Doing American Protection.

NEW YORK, May 3.—A cablegram from Singapore to the World says: on the Government El Liberal says: 'The insurgents desire American protection, temporarily at least, on the possessing forces superior to ours, but same lines as proposed after the Cuban what is worthy of being blamed with campaign."

the world, safeguards enacted against feriority without sentralizing it by an influx of Chinese aliens, a complete means of preparations." reformation in the corrupt judicature under European officials, the entire freedom of the Press and public utterance, a general religious toleration, the abolition and expulsion of religious fraternities, the church being re- by the Spanish Captain-General Aupresented by secular priesthood, pro- gustin. The official note says: "This vision for facilities to exploit resources, the building of railways, the removal of the restrictions on enterprise and the investment of capital. Aguinaldo could undertake the main-

tenance of public order.

TO JOIN THE FLEET.

Oregon in Splendid Condition for the Trip.

NEW YORK, May 3 -A World cable from Rio de Janeiro says: At the American Minister's request the Brazilian Government has given the Oregon and Marietta a most favorable anchorage for coaling. The war ships are taking on large supplies of coal. Minister Bryan- was cheered by the crews while he was reading the news of the naval victory in Manila and the other vessels in the harbor saluted. The Oregon will sail tomorrow, Nichtheroy and Marietta following. Reported Spanish recruiting here is insignificant.

TEMBRARIO NERDA REPAIRING.

Torpedo Gunboat Laid Up in Argentina.

NEW YORK, May 3.-A Sun special from Washington says: Some official Ohio husband became the happy father news about the Spanish torpedo gun- of seven children not long ago. Of the boat Temerario was received here to seven all lived but one. It is to be day. Yesterday the Government heard hoped he laid in a supply of Chambershe had arrived at Rio de Janeiro, lain's Cough Remedy, the only sure where the Oregon and Marietta were, he hoped he laid in a supply of Cham-A telegram received this afternoon beriain's Cough Remedy, the only sure brought the information that the Te- cure for croup, whooping-cough, colds merario was at Ensenada, Argentina, and coughs, and so insured his children

gence that the Temerario's boilers were in a bad way and needed retubing. The necessary repairs will take some time, and the Temerario will be allowed to remain at neutral ports until the work has been completed.

AMERICA'S PRIZES.

Fourteen Vessels Taken Since Hostilities Began.

The big liner Argonauta, says the Chronicle, taken by the Nashville, makes the fourteenth prize captured by Sampson's fleet. The others are nounced officially today that the feet the Buens Ventura, Pedro, Mathilde, Sierra Morena, Catalina, Jovez, Saturnina, Candidia, Antonia, Panama, Ambrosia Bolivia, Guido and Engraciaten steamers, three schooners and sloop.

If the report that Commodore Dew ey took four prizes on his way to Manila is true the achievements of the prize-taking fleet since April 22d have won an enormous sum in prize money class armored cruisers Cristobal Colon, for our officers and crews in both

FEARS NO SPANISH WAR SHIPS

American Clipper for San Francisco Will Take Chances.

BALTIMORE, May 8.-The American clipper ship Cyrus Wakefield, from Baltimore with a cargo of 8,010 tons between the capes to sea this morning. She may have to cross the track of Spanish war ships, but Captain Henry, who commands her, says he is not afraid and he believes that with a fair wind the clipper could show a clean pair of heels to the best cruiser a the Spanish navy.

Anxiety in Austria. VIENNA, May 3.-A very despondent view has been taken here since the Manila fleet's defeat. It is believed paring to bombard New York. The that the Spanish dynasty is nearing its same deception and dilatoriness have end and great sympathy is expressed

Queen Regent to the Pope.

LONDON, May 3.-According to spe cial dispatches received here this aft ernoon the Queen Regent of Spain has telegraphed the Pope on the subject of defeat of the Spanish fleet at Manila, waying: "The Spanish nation is calm but resolved to resist to the bitter

Her majesty also begs the Pope to bless the Spanish arms.

WAR NOTES.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—The State Department has learned that the wreck of the battle-ship Maine has been destroyed by the Spanish authorities. It is supposed by officials of the Administration that this action on the part of the Spanish authorities had been taken to prevent the reising of the wreck after the capture of Havana.

KEY WEST, April 30.—It is stated by Cubans tonight that Blanco is burning the interior towns of Cuba, and it

VIENNA, April 30.—The newspapers the Emperor Francis Joseph has not contributed and will not contribute to the Spanish national fund being raised for the purpose of increasing the strength of the Spanish navy.

MADRID, May 3.-Weyler's organ El Liberal, has made a bitter attack "It is unfair to blame the enemy for all possible vehemence is this infam-The scheme includes free trade to our Government, which allowed our in-

> The offer of the British Consul-General at Manila to place all Chinese subjects in the Philippines under protection of the British flag was rejected news caused surprise, although people We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for are accustomed to the methods of those who direct British interest."

KINGSTON, (Jamaica), May 3.—The direct West India Cable Company has received the following notification from Barbadoes: "The Government has established a censorship at this station to supervise and control the forwarding and delivery of telegrams with the view to carrying out strictly the neutrality laws."

LONDON, May 8.-A special dispatch from Madrid states that it is Spain's intention to unite her naval forces to crush the American squadron in Cuban waters.

LONDON, May 3.—Spanish fours deelined to 31%, but later reacted and closed at 32. The final price of Saturday was 32%.

The American Legation at Constantinople has received more than 2,000 offers of voluntéers for the American Navy, chiefly Greeks, who all declare themselves ready to pay their fare to the United States.

According to the newspapers, an sometimes called La Piste, a port in against these diseases. For sale by all the river of that name. The telegram druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith also conveyed the gratifying intelli- & Co., Agents for Hawatian Islands.



Are what business men have a right to expect from well managed legitimate enterprises. Hundreds fail where one succeeds, not from want of merit in the goods offered for sale, but because of a lack of the right kind of knowledge as to what their customers require.

A good Carriage, Buggy or Harness con't forget to examine my stock. IT IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE ISLANDS. I can make you prices which will inter-hich defy competition. Just received, ex "Aibers:"

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Something of Interest to the Lodies.

Just received per "A. J. Fuller" the following articles in

STONEWARE:

BUTTER JARS. WATER JARS.

PRESERVE JARS. FRENCH POTS.

COFFEE POTS.

BEAN POTS. FLOWER POTS.

FLOWER BASKETS

WATER KEGS.

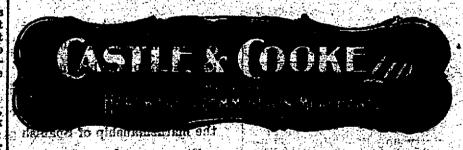
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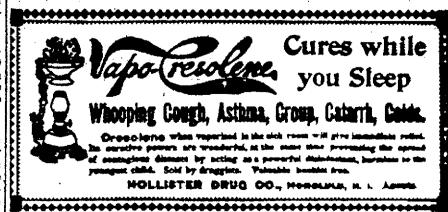
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Read the Hawaiian Gazette

WAR NOTES.

more did the glorious work at Manila.

Legislature Has Passed Act to Prevent Month Spraying

PLUMBING REGULATIONS NOW

No Nors New Bills From the House-Long Afternoon Secret Session Held

SENATE.

Seventy-second Day, May 10. When the President affixes his signature to the bill passed by the Senate. it will be unlawful for laundrymen to sprinkle clothes with the mouth. The Senate passed the bill at third reading and it goes to the Committee on Revision. The bill is aimed to stop the almost universal practice in Chinese laundries of sprinkling clothes by ejecting a spray of water from the mouth. The bill is a sanitary measure. A similar enactment has been rigidly enforced in San Francisco for nearly a year past. It is not known that any specific case of sickness has been traced to this cause in Honolulu but

The House bill amending the land act relating to the provision for leased lands passed first reading, was read by title and went to the Committee on

The House bill creating on Auditor-General's Department passed first reading. After reading second time by title the bill went to the Finance Com-

.The plumbing bill was taken up on second reading with majority and minority, reports. On motion of Senator Lyman Hilo was included in the regulations for Honolulu. As amended by the Senste the Board of Plumbers is to consist of three members, the Suberintendent of Public Works as chairman, the Inspector of Plumbing and one master plumber. An amendment was passed changing the requirements for sise and quality of surface pipes and the bill passed second reading. Third reading was set for Friday.

Senator Lyman gave notice of his Intention to introduce an act for the building of a railroad on the Island of Hawaii.

HOUSE.

Speaker Kaulukou was not present at the opening of the House so the Vice-Speaker took the chair. Mr. Kaulukou arrived in about a half hour.

Rep. Gear stated that the Minister of the Interior ad interim had promised to answer questions regarding Richards street allp by Monday. Nothing had been heard of it and he would move that time be extended until Wednesday and to no later date. Rep. Pogue stated that some of the Ministers might be able to explain. None were present. Thereupon Rep. Gear withdrew his motion until later.

The following resolutions were presented and referred to the Committee on Public Lands:

Achi-That \$1,000 be inserted in the appropriation bill for a bridge over the stream at Waimea, Hawaii, where the lives of two men had recently been

Gear-That a suitable appropriation be inserted in the appropriation bill to fix up Beretania street from the Kapahulu road to the tramways

Third reading and passage of House bill 64, relating to the construction of Tallways.

AFTERNOON-SESSION.

At the opening of the afternoon setsion which was delayed about 15 min-utes, Rep. McCandless moved that the House go into cancus for 15 minutes for the purpose of considering and the portant matter. This was carried and the reporters were asked to depart. The House remained is steeler for about a half hour when Reps. Robertson and Pogne, understood to be a committee; walked upstairs into the Senate chamber. They returned after about five minutes with the House again went into deliberation until after 3 o'clock. The clerk and sergeant-at-arms were asked to absent themselves. When the doors were thrown open again the motion was made and carried that the House ad-

It is understood that the matter under consideration during the caucus was the present relations between the United States and this office and the matter of neutrality. Conferences will be held between committees of the Senate and House and in a few days. some line of action will be decided

SENATE.

Seventy-third Day, May 11. The special committee having the opium bill in charge brought in a substitute bill, Senator Waterhouse disbill introduced by Senator Brown. The new bill provides for the sale and control of the traffic by the Government. The bill is fashioned upon the agatem in use in Sweden. The importation is to be conducted by the Board of Health. A Licensing Board to be formed in each district of the Government Physician, the District Magis- foot beam, which has an estimated intrate and the Sheriff is to issue II-|tensity of Phistophy candles. The light censes to smokers in the district whose names are enrolled. The limit to be sold each person at one time is 20 manufactured in France, but American grains; sale may not be made twice generating apparatus has been substi-

in one day. The price if the opium tuted for that built abroad, and the clude \$2 per pound duty, purchase price, freight storage and cartage. The Hospital, the Leper Settlement and vessels bound for a foreign port, for use on such vessel. A penalty of not less than \$500 nor more than \$2,000 is attached for the illegal importa-

Provisions are made for the register ing of smokers for license, the control importation and sale of opium. The bill passed first reading without discussion and went to the Printing Committee.

Senator Lyman introduced the bill slightly from the bill introduced in the House. It passed first reading and went to the Printing Committee.

Consideration of the barbed wire fence bill was deferred to May 18. The House bill amending the act re lating to the construction of rallways passed first reading. The amendment prohibits any railway corporation from waters, or hindering, obstructing or interfering with navigation in or on any public navigable waters, or building or maintaining any bridge, pier, jetty or wharf in, upon or over any harbor, bay

or river beyond low water mark. for the reconstruction of the Auditor's Department, and placing the inspection of the accounts and books of the Government more perfectly under control. The bill passed second reading. physicians assert that a grave danger Third reading was set for Thursday.

The Commerce Committee recom mended the passage of the bill fixing the license to sell milk at a low rate. The bill passed, including also the fined to his home about a month. amendment to the act regulating the license for Notaries Public. The amendment passed by the Senate fixes the fee at \$10 for Honolulu, \$5 for the remainder of the Judicial Circuit and \$5 for all other Judicial Circuits. Third reading was set for Friday.

The Minister of the Interior furnished the statistics relating to dredging the Pacific Mail wharf slip in response to questions of Senator McCandless The answer was referred to the Public Lands Committee.

At 12 o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

· HOUSE.

Third reading of House bill 85, relating to appeals from decisions of Laws of 1892. Unanimous passage. Consideration of Resolution 1, deal-

ing with the appointment of a commission to bring in a bill on taxes on incomes at the next session of the Legislature. Rep. Pogue moved for the passage of the resolution. The whole tax matter could be settled by President would appoint the very best men to that body. The ayes and noes were taken and the resolution was unanimously adopted.

Under suspension of rules Minister of Interior ad interim presented the answers to questions propounded by street slip.

This report was referred to the spe cial Committee on Contracts and Public Improvements.

Third reading of House bill 70, relating to cemeteries. Unanimous pass-

Senate bill 17, relating to the regis-Rep. Atkinson. The committee recom- soon. mended the bill pass.

Report 102, relating to wharves and

barbors, laid on the table. Second reading of House bill 65, re-lating to internal taxes, set for Tues-

Second reading and passage according to the recommendation of the committee of Senate bill 17, relating to the registration of vessels. Third

reading set for Thursday. AFTERNOON SESSION.

Under suspension of rules Rep. Kaeo asked the Finance Committee when they would hand in its report on the examination of the books of the Postal Savings Banks. Rep. Pogue, as chairman of the Finance Committee stated that the committee intended to hand in a report bearing on all the departments at some early day. However, if the House desired a report on the books of the Postal Savings Bank, such; a thing could be brought in a couple of days. Rep. Kaco stated that the affairs of the department mentioned had been quite generally talked about in town and that was his reason for sizing the question.

Continuation of consideration of Senate bill 30 and passage with amendments recommended by the committee. Consideration of Report 113, relating

to tide lands with the resolution bearing on the subject. Made the order of the day for the 17th. House adjourned at 2 p. m.

ANNIBILATES DARKNESS.

Blectric Searchlight to Guard En-

trance of the Chesapeake. The greatest electric searchlight in the world, now being wrected at Foftress Monroe to guard the entrance to the Chesapeake, has a beam of light nine feet in diameter. The glass lens handle the knife. The bluejacket is menting, in the place of the opium is so blinding that it cannot be looked defended by Paul Neumann, while Deon at abort range, and it even hurts the puty Attorney General Dole represents

> It will illuminate an object 100 miles off, and can be seen on the clouds at

The light is gathered into a nine

sold is to be the cost price, cost to in- dynamos, engine and boilers are to be the relatives and a very few intimate duplicated in case of accident. The friend being present. Board may also furnish oplum for me- beam of light from the lamp will illudicinal purposes at cost to the Queen's minate a newspaper at a distance of musician here in early days, and is a 100 miles. It will turn day into night brother of Rudolph Herold, Jr., the around Hampton Roads. Its location at Hampton Roads is especially approand imprisonment for not less than priate, as vegets passing the Chessone month nor more than two years, peaks for Baltimore or Washington cannot be seen from Hampton Roads during the night or hasy weather, and Rev. Horatio Stebbins of the First Unithey are barely visible in daytime. of the license and all phases of the The distance from the fortress to sea is 15 miles. Vessels bound up the Chesapeake do not pass within miles of the fort and this is probably the reason why the channel leading up the of which he had given notice, for a Patapaco to Baltimore is to be mined railroad on Hawaii. The bill differs but with tornedoes—Baltimore American. with torpedoes.—Baltimore American.

Col. Claus Spreckels.

News comes by the Zealandia that at one time in San Francisco two ting material in China and Japan, but weeks ago the death of Col. Class were especially anxious to have some Spreckels, was announced. It was her. Honolulu views. With their special aided on the bulletin boards and exentering upon or taking any tide tended oblivaries were being prepared posures in the bay, getting steamers, for publication. Even the flag on the laborers, boat crews and the Benning-Call building was placed at half-mast, ton. Views were taken on King, Nuu-The facts were that the sugar king had anu and Fort street. These pictures been ailing alightly at his ranch for will prove of much advertising value some days. He came to the city for to Honolulu, as they will be shown The Finance Committee recomended treatment, when it was decided that throughout the United States. the passage of the Audit Act, providing an operation, for carbuncle on the back, was necessary. So soon as the knife had been applied the report went aboard that while the operation had been successful the veteran had been killed by the shock. This story was Dunwell is the man who was imprissoon denied by the man most inter-coned by mistake during the 1895 inested. Colonel Spreckels will be con-surgent affair and whose claim for fined to his home shout a month. damages was acceded to by the Repub-

Only Meager Advices.

ten from Washington, but had not sent a telegram. There was nothing from Consul-General Wilder at San to any member of the Government. Neither did Mr. Castle, Secretary of the legation at Washington.

gation or suggestion of the administra-District Magistrates and amending tion. In a private letter, Consul-Gen-Section 68 of Chapter 67 of the Session eral Wilder said that it was the opinion in San Francisco, that Hawait would be doing decidedly the wrong thing if she proclaimed neutrality.

Has His Cigars Now

As details of the fight in Manila barbor have not been received all Honothe commission and he was sure the lulu is in suspense as to how the men and ships so well known here behaved. Of course it can be taken for granted that each officer and man gave a good account of himself. Capt. Dyer, of the Baltimore, who has a record as fighting man, was very anxious for the Rep. Gear in regard to the Richards fray when he took the cruiser out of this port only a few weeks ago. The captain was getting his personal supplies up town a few days before sailing. He is quite a smoker, but remarked that he would take along only a few Manila cigars, as he expecttration of vessels was reported on by ed to get them right from the factory

On the Bengington.

Officers and men of the U.S. Gunboat Bennington, now in her war paint in this harbor are at a tension. They were both interested and excited by the news of fighting in the Philippines. All were sorry that the gunboat had not been ordered to the Asistic squadron with the cruiser Baltimore. The feelings of patroitism and desire to act run high. The fervent hope aboard the Bennington is that ahe will have orders very soon now to proceed either direct to Manils or to port at Hong Kong. The search lights of the gunboat were being tested again last night. It

Queen Victoria's Birthday.

The 79th anniversary of Queen Victoria's birthday will this year be celebrated on the evening of May 24th by a ball at Independence park in sid of the funds of the British Benevolent Society. The tickets, price \$2.50, admitting a gentleman and ladies, will be in the hands of the members of the subcommittees of the general committee of British residents tomorrow. The British societies are working in cordial cooperation to make this dance a grand

Bluejacket in Court.

Becker, a big, fine-looking bluelacket of the Bennington, is on trial before a foreign jury, with Judge Perry presiding, charged with stabbing a Chinaman. The affair occured some months ago in Chaplain Lane, near Nunanu street. Becker claims that he did not the State. Becker said yesterday morning on learning of the naval activity that he was so sorry about being in trouble here that he could cry.

Oscar Herold's Marriage. (Examiner).

There was a quiet wedding at noon, May 3, at the home of the bride's parents when Oscar Herold of Honolulu and Mrs. Marion Evans Bullard were

married. It was a family affair, only

The groom is a son of the late Professor Herold, who was a prominent insurance man and member of the Board of Harbor Commissioners, Mr. Herold has resided in Honolulu for several past and is a teacher of music

The ceremony was performed by the tarian Church. A breakfast followed the caremony and then Mr. and Mrs. Herold left for the southern part of the State. They will sail on the S. S. Gaelic, May 10, for their future home in the Hawaiian Islands.

Honolylu in Kinetoscope.

The two kinetoscope men aboard the B. S. Doric, secured several thousand yards of Honolulu film for use in the States. The travelers have been getcamera they made a number of ex-

b well Leaves.

Chas. Dunwell was paid \$3,500 by the Government on Tuesday and yesterday salled by the S. S. Aorangi for Jamaica, via Vancouver and Halifax lic. His attorneys in the matter were Paul Neumann and Wm. Horace Wright. Dunwell intends to return to The Government had recourse to the Honolulu in about a year. He wishes newspapers for most of its war and and to have a long visit with his aged nexation news. Mr. Hatch had writ mother. mother.

The Westfield (Ind.) News prints the fellowing in regard to an old reald mt Francisco. Mr. Thurston did not write of that place: "Frank McAvoy, for many years in the employ of the L. N. A. & C. Ry, here, says: I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diar-To a triend here, Mr. Thurston sent rhoes Remedy for ten years or tonger-a note, which included the statement am never without it in my family, that the annexation matter was likely consider it the best remedy of the kin-to be taken up at any time at the insti-menufactured. I take pleasure in rec am never without it in my family. consider it the best remedy of the kind manufactured. I take pleasure in rec ommending it." It is a specific for all bowel disorders. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co. Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

> Professor David of Sydney is arranging another coral boring expedition to Functuti. The Admiralty has lent a warship for the purpose of conveying the party to the island, and the Government is giving assistance to the pro

AND

A walk through most any section of this city at night when all is still will cause anyone to wonder why more dekness does not exist. The obnozious orders from defective sewerage and many other causes ought to be overcome and that at once.

Look after your pools, water closets and garbage barrels. They are fever producers. Keep them free from offensive

It saves doctor's bills.

. 2013 a traffic riggi of (

Much simpler and mere convenient than Chloride of Limbs, Carbolic Acid and many other disinfectunts. Used in all the prominent Hospitals and Public Buildings throughout the United States.

Bold in any quantity from 25 cents upwards. Give it a trial.

Sole Agents.

Business

is a fair exchange of advantages.

You give good money to your grocer; he gives you Schilling's Best tea-the best he has.

Inquisition!

The horrors of the Inquisition have been related many times, and just now as it is brought forcibly to the mind, one wonders why so many people who condemn it are apparently willing to suffer day in and day out, agonies born of pain, almost equalling Spanish tortures.

We speak of you who purchase shoes all too small or too ill shapen for you. You who go to stores where the science of foot fitting has never been known and is not being learned. We carry the finest and largest stock in the country and understand our business.

Manufacturers' Shoe

FORT STREET.

HAMAKUA PLANTATION, PAAUILO, HAWAII, H. I.

Mr. J. G. Spencer, PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., Honolulu.

DEAR SIR:—The Secretary Disc Plow I purchased from you is giving us satisfaction. We are using it to plow under a crop of lupins. They are three feet high and very thick. Your plow turns them completely under, at the same time plowing the land fourteen inches deep.

I feel satisfied that with this plow the draft for the same quantity and depth of work is as 6 to 8. That is, with the old plow, to do the same work, it takes 8 good mules; with your plow it takes only 6, and they are less tired at night.

Please send me another plow by first schooner leaving for this.

You are at liberty to use this in any way you may see fit. Yours truly,

A. LIDGATE.

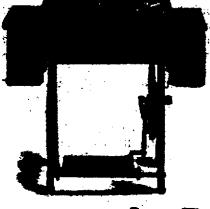
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Which does away with two-thirds of the floor space, three-fourths of the oil, and the whole of the belting required for drying sugar with the ordinary machine. May be seen in motion on application to

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On the instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC," Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

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duration Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

MOUND TURNAYS AND PRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY......MAY 18, 1898

A CRISIS IN NEUTRALITY.

It, on the advice of Commodore Dewey, troops are transported from San Francisco to the Philippines, they must be, we assume, carried by way of these Isainds. Coal will be needed. Japan and Hongkong are closed to both beligerents. If coal is taken at this port, the United States will deliberately and perhaps of necessity, violate the law of neutrality. It is not to be believed that President McKinley will violate this law. He will naturally and forcibly says to Congress: "We must use the Hawaiian Islands as a coaling station. It is a military necessity. We cannot avoid it. You cannot expect or hope that L acting according to international law, will violate any of its provisions. You must provide a way for a legal and honorable use of the Hawaiian Islands. Annex them at once, and you meet the military necessity, and keep our conduct well within those laws of neutrality which we have ourselves proclaimed, and profess to

The dispatch of troops to Manila, may produce just this crisis. If, under these circumstances, Congress should refuse to act. It will put Congress before the world as a violation of international law which it has itself deliberately endorsed.

The sudden contingency which causes this demand for troops in Manila, may bring the question of annexation the war bills be met. to a sudden issue.

In these days, when human wisdom can not see clearly the position which the Islands should assume, by reason of their intimate relations with the United States, the safest course politically and commercially is, to commit our destiny entirely into the hands of that Nation. This is not the hour for the close balancing of chances. Fed by the rich bounty of its policy, we are bound to place ourselves at its disposal, if the case demands it, even if annexation is not an accomplished fact.

WAR TOPICS.

The news of the victory of the American fleet at Manila, confirms expectations. The fleet was undoubtedly superior to the Spanish, and therefore the American naval men say: "Victory only a matter of course, nothing to brag about." But all the same, we are proud of the men who handled their guns so well, and we are prouder still of the blow that was successfully struck at the rule of Spanish barbarism, masquerading as "civilization.".

upon the Americans. As their subjection is not for conquest, but in the interests of humanity, the question will is certain, the Spanish flag will float there no more.

The defeat and destruction of the Spanish fleet at Manila, is a strong assurance that these Islands will not be menanced by Spanish cruisers. There was little danger of it before, excepting in the event of the defeat of the American navy at Manila. If the American ships are most seriously injured, the Spanish foresein the Caroline Islands will soon be destroyed. That foul blot on the face of the Central Pacific will cease to exist. The wrongs done to the beer, he can say: "Thank God, I have American teachers will be avenged.

After all the most important event is the disorganized condition of the Spanish Parliament. Only those who are familiar with its temper, the character of its members and the angry social and political forces behind them can, at this time, predict the immediate future. But the dispatches show that the Spanish people are in no mood to stand defeat from the Americans. They may try the dangerous experiment of swapping horses in the stream, and selecting new leaders. So far as Cuba and the world at large is concerned, it will be a fortunate event, if the Spanish fabric tumbles in and the war is suddenly terminated.

The dispatches state that the Spanish politicians are angrily demanding of the Government, the cause of the failure of the Philippine fleet to make strong battle. If it is realized, as the London Times stated the other day, in its impartial way, that the Spanish mayy, in its equipment was largely on paper, there may be, first, a cry of de- of a sucking dove. The platform of the spair, and then a cry for any terms of

peace. On these lines the movements in Spain may be very rapid.

tic. There are several points in view, extraordinary care and energy, because been 2 per cent. Under such circum, its in a vital part of the enemy. He Brodie to help round up the Spanish the taking of a position by the Amer. no movements of the kind succeed unstakes, existing now in many States, believes as an expert that the swift in Cuba.

communications with the starving Cubans. Second, the possession of Havana, as a political as well as a strategic measure, and the destruction of the had no "ring" in it, a general willing-Spanish fleet. Admiral Sampson will near to let some one do the hard work not divide his own flest and search for the Spanish. He therefore keeps it munity out of a labor difficulty. It has near Havana, in order to secure and been only a languid interest which acprotect a landing, and guard against complishes nothing. It has nothing any sudden appearance of the enemy.

The closest observers, so far as we can see, believe that he will remain in his present position, near his coal basis, until communications are opened with the interior of Cuba, and a sufficient force is upon the island to hold it, if he proposes to cut loose from his coal basis, and chase up the Spanish fieet.

There may therefore be no severe naval conflict for some time, if the Spanish fleet adopts safe strategy, and keeps on the further side of the Atlantic. The Europeans are inclined to fleet near its own coal basis of supply. This would be the desperate strategy of the angry Spanish mobs, but not that of the Spanish navai men. As the situation becomes clear, it seems as if Spain was between the devil and the deep sea. If her navy remains on the Eastern side of the Atlantic, she loses Cuba without doubt. If she vast disadvantages at a distance from

WAR TAXES.

While the American people are almost jubilant, as well they may be, in the cause of a war for humanity, some of the sober kind are asking how shall

The vast proportions of the great Civil war put immediate taxation for it entirely out of the question. It was terest on that amount was enough for the fighting generation to bear.

But the sentiment prevailing now in the States is, that the Cuban case calls for the maxim, "pay as you go." No doubt it will be largely practiced. Temavoid debt.

Unless the war terminates speedily, the expenses of prosecuting it may reach half a million per day. In regreat Civil war, the cost of it was esti- is that the Legislature is nearing the incort charged the Manager which forced the Linguist charged the Manager which ferring to the daily expenses of the the temper of the community. The fact mated in paper money, which forced gold to an enormous premium. It is evidently not the intention of the Government to let gold go to any premium.

tention to push the sliver question to The question of the disposition of the front, if there is need of issuing offer to make some contribution to a the Philippine Islands will soon be bonds. Their strength is probably there will be doubt about the coin in into operation. not be difficult of solution. One thing which the interest and principal will be paid.

> To avoid any issue of this kind, the President, and the gold men, will press the scheme of sufficient taxation, with the power to issue temporary bonds.

Congress desired several months ago to tax beer, but the beer interest called a halt, and it was not done. Mr. Dinghe will find the country behind him, in then see the war power of the saloon. Whenever a man drinks a glass of dropped a penny into the slot of the war chest."

AMERICAN IMMIGRATION.

What does the Legislature intend to do about white labor? What does the Government intend to do about it? What has the American Union Party done about it? Where are the Earnest Patriots who declared in their political platform an abiding horror of the paid. Asiatic, and a deep love for the Anglo-

All of these political bodies act as if they had been quietly taken around the corner and "spoken to" in a confidential way on the subject. What really are the lions in the pathway? Or is it simply a case of Spanish "manana?" or is it only a repetition of the old story "let us eat and drink for tomorrow we die!" The voice of the E. rubbish heap and a very suspicious silence on the white immigration sub-

ject prevails.

ican forces in Cube, in order to open less there is deep enthusiasm and commanding talent sugaged in it.

THE CAME IN STREET

The interest taken in it by some of of getting the planters and the comin it of the faith that moves moun-

tains. Some very good annexationists, some intelligent, travelers, with the gift of that we have made our election, and long it takes to sprout them. are bound by it.

The acts of the political bodies we have mentioned, and they speak louder, than words, strongly endorse this view think that this will be done, unless the of the situation. They have, appare day enjoyed a scrapple for a few mo-did, without loss on the American side. political situation in Spain compels it ently abandoned the Islands to the ments owing to what they agreed sitto abandon this safe course, and cross Asiatics. They have silently admitted or they had hunted up and got back evican ships are personally known in the Atlantic and fight the American into the country within a few months their lost tempers, was a little mismore Asiatic males than the entire understanding." Representative Rob Baltimore, we must be prepared to American, German and English ablebodied male population. That fact has Income Tax bill, that moneyed interno very small voice.

not making any complaint about it sitive Loebenstein to his feet. He felt If the Government and the Legislature, that the House was a young girl whose and the community behind them are, reputation must not be trifled with. after all, practicable believers in Asia- The intimation that boodle fluid could crosses the Atlantic she fights under tic civilization, though they may de find its way into the water-tight comnounce it openly, we shall not come partments of Legislative virtue, deplain, but proceed to make the very manded, in his opinion, the severest best of the Asiatic civilization. Only rebuke. Mr. Robertson's remarks, he we shall be consistent. We shall not believed, were mud balls, thrown on denounce Asiatic invasion, and at the the chaste and spotless white robes of same time, admit it in torrents.

way of the world, though it hasn't bers. much of "Christian civilization" in it. Mr. Loebenstein is the same person justly felt that the generation that Now to preserve this prosperity, and at who, a few weeks ago, as a member of gave up its blood and time to the cause, the same time square it with Christian the House charged President Dole and had the right to call on prosterity to civilization is such a difficult job, so the Government with violating the take some of the burden. When the one cares to tackle it. On the whole Constitution and laws. At the time it war expenses reached over \$3,000,000 it is much easier to drift along the was supposed by some that he was per day, the burden of paying the in- stream of prosperity even if it carries merely playful, and his accusations of us into the Asiatic sea.

perhaps, made its choice, and any urge that the honorable member had been ing of an extended white immigration may be ilde talk. We have seen a good he felt that a male of that persuasion porary loans may be resorted to, but deal of practical politics in our day was a "long felt want" in these parts, the temperament of the people is to and we confess that our experience did as a check upon the perfidious Governnot give us much encouragement to hope that a heroic measure like that heroic character, and did so until the of stemming the Asiatic tide with white immigration would accord with close of its session, and all the political factors are drugged on the questifrantic, when a fellow member obthe laboring classes of the American have placed a little basket full of makes no improved the character of our labor mickels. patriotic and heartily agree in the war makes no impression beyond that of policy, there are symptoms of their incausing some of those who appreciate premises, just as crackers and cheese tention to much the allice premises are symptoms of their incausing some of those who appreciate premises, just as crackers and cheese new immigration, provided some one else will take off his cost and do the

UNEQUAL TAXATION.

Not only does the tax list of 1897 show singular inequalities of assessment, but the tax list of 1895 shows it 2180.

Minister Damon, in his report for the year 1895, sets forth the inequality in lit is a matter of regret that all this ley returns to the beer tax, now, and a significant table. It showed that the smaller holders of real estate pay conpassing the necessary laws. We shall siderably more than their proportion of taxes. The larger holders, especially the statesmen flying at each other. those who own the Crown leases pay. much less in proportion.

Minister Damon in this report presents these figures.

Yet the returns to the Interior De-

has therefore been in existence and inte, the machine one pounders 200 publicly commented on for some time. shots per minute, and the Gatlings How this curious and apparently throwing \$,000 bullets per minute. So inequitable system of taxation has grown up, it is not necessary to discuss. It exists. It also exists elser where. It is one of the political screet converted into foam by the discharges. of the American States, where the rich have avoided taxation for one reason among others because its proceeds P.'s organ shouting to the hosts that have been largely wasted by office rect the fight, looking through a hori-"coats must come off" is now only that holders, and have not been used for the sontal slit, which may be so enveloped ling the turn. The horse was unable to public good. In some cases taxation in smoke that he can see nothing. To throw him. A. U. P. seems to be thrown into the really means confiscation of property. what extent he can stand the noise and Many millions of dollars are held in the pounding in battle has not been posing this cavalry. Large crowds trust for women and children by the tested.

it became an imposition. It is not so of the Spaniards. the planters has been of the kind that here. But the inequality of it is very manifest

We do not claim that this inequality should be removed on the general ground of justice to all, as upon the specific ground that we, "in the interests of good government," deny a large proportion of those who are taxed any voice in the matter. And because we do not, we are under the strongest obpolitical insight declare that we are ligations to protect them, we put it beyond the parting of the ways, and on selfish grounds, the use of fair play are traveling along the Asiatic high- in order to prevent disquiet and racial way for all time, and that any attempt hatred. There is none at present, but made to reverse our steps would he the seeds are in the ground and no idle, and more than that, impossible; agricultural almanac can foretell how

THE HOUSE "IN ARMS."

Some members of the House on Monertson intimated in the debate on the mourn the loss of some who, not ests were at work endeavoring to de-We say most distinctly that we are feat it. This at once brought the san- lanais. the House's character. He at once The prospertly of the sugar industry, made remarks that indicated that he is of supreme importance. Many of would like to have the Speaker order a those interested in it, put that pros tub of boiling oil into the House, and perity above all questions of civiling direct the Sargeant-at-Arms to souse tion. This is natural enough, and the Mr. Robertson into it before the mem-

treason were only the fiery little jets of Spain's Foreign Posses temperament that had been fed on The little community has already the hot lavas of Kilauca. But it seems reading Mark Twain's Joan of Arc, and ment. So he offered to represent that House got tired of his heroics.

It is rather amusing to see a man famous crimes, suddenly becoming raioons, and the members are requested to help themselves.

The Speaker of the House was in silver, or give notice to the world that missionary work of putting the affair error, when he failed to order the of Scotch spuff into the air, and set the belligerent members to sneesing. A man who is sneezing usual lets go his hold, and doesn't look statesmanlike or. pretty.

But the Attorney General came in with a tank of oil, and let it loose on the raging legislative pond. There was a great calm.

was not done by appointment; and the school children invited to see the cirfund. Let them see, once in a while,

RAPID FIRING GUNS.

Park Benjamin, a mechanical expert Individuals pay \$92,267 on \$9,228,768. of New York, states in the N. Y. Inde-Corporations pay \$85,379 on \$8,537, Thendent, referring to naval actions guns, 12 and 13 inch calibre, can be the loss of garrison is considered, repartment show an invested capital by loaded and fired almost once every duced nearly one-sixth.—S. F. Chronithe corporations of \$27,000,000 which three minutes. The six inch rapid fir- |cle. the Minister, in his report suggested ing guns can be loaded and fired at the was a valuation or investment entirely rate of seven to fifteen simed shots per inconsistent with the amount of taxes minute. Then come six pounder guns, delivering 40 shots per minute, and one This apparently unequal taxation counders throwing one shot per minserve was the fire of these guns, at the battle of the Yalu river, between the Japanese and Chinese, the sea was The person in the greatest peril is

the captain, as he must stand in the conning tower, from which he can di-

Trust companies of New York city. In Mr. Benjamin believes that no ship's well. This cavalry is picked for duty We have never believed that general many cases the rate of interest paid grmor is so efficient as celerity of ac- at the front in Cuba, and will leave the beneficiaries is only 2 and 1-2 per filon and good gunnery. The ship wins for New Orleans on Monday or Tuesclearly the war situation on the Atlan- practicable, unless it was done with cent., while the rate of taxation has which first effectively lodges a project- day under command of Major Alex. O.

taxation is avoided. And it could be attack and good markemanship of the avoided here with some justification if Americans is greatly superior to that

IN MEMORIAM.

one whose soul was so large that he labored for eternity. While others sought and were pleased with immediate results, he looked to the distant good, and asked for no immediate return. He sowed the seeds of the century plants that would make the earth beautiful with blossoms a hundred years after his death. His purpose was clear and fixed.

"The sun set; but set not his hope: Stars rose; his faith was earlier up."

We must not forget in our rejoicing over the victory of the American fleet at Manila that some and perhaps, many brave Americans have lost their lives. It is impossible that the engagement could have lasted as long as it As so many of the officers on the Ammany days ago, walked our streets. and quietly sat in the shadows of our

There should be a law forbidding the general exportation of ancient Hawaiian relics, unless it is done with the approval of the proper authorities. This export should be regulated so that foreign museums may obtain articles, without depriving our own museums or public places of such relics as will preserve and illustrate our native history. A system of exchanges, in the hands of the proper authority, would increase the value of our own collec-

The Japan Mail intimates that if the United States naval forces are compelled to remain in the Far Eastern waters, they must secure a coaling station. They will have to secure one from China, and it is believed, it can that in this instance, because their be obtained.

HAS LITTLE TO LOSE.

Than Spain.

Spain's area and poniation, as they are at the presnt time, are interesting. in view of the fact that once her possessions were greater than those of any other European power. Her present area, including the Balearle and Canary Islands, each of which is considered a province, is 197.670 square miles. The population of Spain is estimated to be 17,650,234. Besides the Canary and Balearic Isl-

and, Spain holds the colonies of Cuba, area 41,655 miles, population before the war 1,631,687; Porto Rico, area 3,500 terday. One case—from Hilo—is: square miles, population 806,708. Total thrown out of Court. The ruling is: area and population in America, 45,205 practically that the matter was square miles and 2,438,395 persons re- brought up by mistake. The tribunal spectively. Her possessions in Asia holds that it has no jurisdiction. It is are placed in convenient places in the 326 square miles, population 7,000,000; the Sulu Islands, area 950 square miles, neys. population 75,000; the Caroline Islands and Palaos, area 560 square miles, population 56,000; the Marianne Islands. area 420 square miles, population 10,-172. Total area and population in Asia 116,256 square miles and 7,121,172 persons. Her possessions in Africa are Rio de Oro and Adrar, area 243,000 square miles, population 100,000; Ifui (near Cape Nun), area 27 square miles, population 6,000; Fernando Po, Annabon. Corisco. Elobey and San Juan, area 850 square miles, population 30,-000. Total area and population in Africa, 243,877 square miles and 186,000 persons. The total area of Spain's foreign possessions is 405,238 square miles. The total population is 9,695,-567 persons. So that her foreign possessions have an area more than twice as large as her own and a foreign population nearly half the size of her own. Of course, when she loses Cuba her foreign area will be reduced onewith modern guns, that the largest ninth and her foreign population, if

THEY WILL FIGHT.

Arizona Cowboys of the Right Bort Bound for Cubs.

BISBEE, Aria, April 29 .- The Cochise County quota for the Arisona cowboy cavalrys left for Whippie Barracks this afternoon. It consisted of seventeen cowboys from this vicinityrough riders and fine shots. One of the men at a practice ride and shoot got his mustang to bucking. The horse bucked the bridle off and broke both cinches off the saddle, and the rider put three bullets into a tomato can fifty feet off while his animal was do-

This is a sample of the material comwere at the depot to bid them fare-

It is the anniversary of the death of Allerston of Sympathy Mr Anericans in Spanish War.

SENTIMENTS WIN APPLAUSE

Speech at a Federation Meeting. Hope That Brother Jonathan Will Carry the Day.

The feeling of kinship of one Anglo-Saxon for another is intense these days. Interest in the war and a desire for the success of the American. fleet is not confined to the American continent. The Sydney Herald of April 28, says: "Speaking at a federation meeting in the Centenary Hall this community, especially those of the yesterday evening, Mr. Copeland. M. L. A., took occasion to refer to the war, saying he thought they ought tohave a brotherly sympathy with the people of the United States. (Applause). On the morrow, when the sun rose, their brother Anglo-Saxons would begin a war that no man could foresee the end of. Many a woman. who in the morning would rise a wifewould go to led a widow, and many a mother would go to bed childless. He thought that the people of this country ought to extend their sympathies: to the fullest extent. (Applause). Heknew that the people of Australia must necessarily have a great deal of sympathy with the people of the United States in their present trouble, and he would not stop at that moment toinquire into the rights or the wrongs of that trouble. "He thought that if any of them-

came across one of their brothers in a fight or a scrimmage in the street they would, if they were men, hardly stop to ask the particulars of the quarrel. The probabilities were that they would off with their coats and rush into the flight. They did not want to do big brother Jonathan would doubtless be able to take care of himself and fight his own battles; but he would like that they should give some little expression of sympathy with their brothers and sisters across the water, and he would ask them to give three ringing Australian cheers for them. (Cheers and the waving of hats). He did not suppose that that cheer would stretch all the way across the Pacific. but if it did it would strengthen their hands, and they would know that they had not only the sympathy of the people in the old country, but also of their younger brethren in Australia." (Applause).

In the Supreme Court. A couple of unanimous decisions were filed by the Supreme Court, yesand Wise and Colonel Little as

Peacock & Go. Ltd., lose their case against the Government on a claim for rebate from the Custom House. The statute of limitation is made to apply to the benefit of the defendant. The limitation period was changed after the claim originated, but the Court holds that the Government- and the Government only-could have advantage of such a claim.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Permanently Cures Scrofula.

which is one of the worst atflictions of the human race, and comes from impure blood.

Eczema,

a most offensive and unconstortable affection of the skin, also due to impure blood.

Sait Rheum.

a torment to the fiesh, a disfigurement to the body, and a drain on the system, also due to vitlated blood.

Pimples.

which so disfigure the skin, and make the human face divine enything but a thing of beauty, but which are Rature's advertisement of foul blood.

Catarrn,

which very often comes from a chronic affection of the circula-tion, is a constant offense to one's self and all his friends.

Rheumatism,

which all authorities new attri-bute to various acidities in the blood, which this great bloods purifier of the age, Hood's Sur-separitie, corrects.

Hood's Sarsapariila is sold by all draggists. Bij stx for \$5. I've pared only by O. I. Hood & Co., Lowell Mach.

Hood's Pills are the best offer

HOBBON DRUG COMPANY. Wholesale Agenta.

Naval Arthorities Say Entire 800 Acres Will Be Needed.

ADMIRAL AND CAPT. NICHOLS

Report to Secretary Long-Concluelon on Anchorage-East Loch. Question of Land Values.

There has been received here from Washington Document No. 394, House of Representatives of the United States Congress, entitled "Survey of Pearl Harbor, Hawalian Islands." The Advertiser lately gave an extended account of this survey under the immedite direction of Lieutenant Mayo, of the U.S. Gunboat Bennington and of the preparation of a map, with soundings, by Chris. J. Willis, of the Hawallan Government survey office.

This paragraph from the act making "appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898," ordered the work and authorized the expenditure of the money needed: 'Improvement of Pearl Harbor-For expense of necessary survey of entrance to and of Pearl Harbor, Hawaiian Islands, and to enable the Secretary of the Navy to ascertain and to report to Congress, the amount of land necessary to be acquired in said harbor, and the probable cost thereof, for a coaling and repeir station, \$10,000."

The document is published upon request of Congressman Cannon, chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, to Secretary Long. The initial order is from Secretary Long at Washington, under date of July 27, 1897, to Admiral Miller, the Commander-in-Chief of the Pacific Station, U. S. N. It is to this effect: "A surveying outfit has been placed aboard the U. S. S. Bennington and the Department desires that upon the arrival of this vessel at Honolulu this work should be begun. You will make such reports as will enable the department to comply with the requirements of the act making the appropriation. Particular attention is invited to the fact that the Secretary of Navy is required to ascertain and report to Congress the amount of land necessary to be acquired in said harbor and the probable cost thereof for a coaling and repair station. It is requested that your report contain full information concerning all points in relation to this subject with which it may be necessary for the Secretary of the Navy to be acquainted, in order not only to make the required report to Congress, but also to answer any questions that the department may probably be asked by the naval committees during the discussion of the report. It is also, requested that you state what you believe will probably be the cost of dredging the entrance to Pearl Harbor and whether there is any dredging apparatus in the Hawaiian Islands that could be used for the purpose." Admiral Miller to the commanding

officer of the U.S. Gunboat Benningten, August 26, 1897: "You will procood with the survey of Pearl Harbor and its approaches as rapidly as circumstances will permit. The survey you are to make will be a hydrographic one of Pearl Harbor and its approaches; the scale, number of lines and complete soundings to be at your discretion."

The report of Admiral Miller was sent from this place to the Department at Washington on February 27, of this year. These are extracted

"From personal examinations of Pearl Harbor and a consideration of Commander Nichols' reports and projections, I would state that the capabilities of the harbor as an anchorage for vessels of large size have been much exaggerated.

"I agree with Commander Nichols that it would be desirable for the United States Government to acquire possession of the whole of the Waipio peninsula, comprising 800 acres of land, if a coaling and repair station is to be made at Pearl Harbor. The price of this land, as held by its present owners, for which options have been given, is a fictitious one, based on the probable needs of the Government. Unices improvements are made in Pearl Harbor the value of this land for agricultural or other purposes, would, as I find by careful inquiry, certainly be not more than \$50 per acre, and probably less. It will be noticed by Commander Nichols's report that the right of eminent domain can be exercised by the Government and a reasonable price fixed.

"After a thorough consideration of the whole question I recommend that the land at and in the vicinity of Beckening Point be selected as the site for the contemplated station on account of its proximity to the East Loch, which has the largest anchorage, and for the fact dry docks may easily be constructed there, as there is ample space to dock and undock

vessels of any size. "I see no reason why the bar cannot be dredged to a depth of 30 feet, as has been done in the harbor of Honolulu, and within the estimated sum of \$105,000, given by Lieutenaut Wood. There is but one dredger here and that sowed by the Government and is in constant use.

"I would bring to the department's Hawaii and Mr. S. F. Dodge, his as- today.

sistant, in the course of the survey, as states in Commander Nichols report. I have sent a letter of thanks to these gentlemen, but am confident they would appreciate recognition of their services by the department."

In the report from Captain Nichols, Lieutenant Mayo and others are commended for work in the survey and this is said of anchorage. West Loch A basin about 650

yards in diameter. "Middle Loch—Anchorage about 400 yards in extent.

"West of Ford Island a vessel might anchor in the East Branch.

"East Loch-Good anchorage about a mile long by half a mile in width. It is the largest and best anchorage in Pearl Harbor."

Under the head of dredging the recommendation is made that "as more or less dredging would be required in locating docks, etc., at a coaling and repair station, it would probably be more economical for the Government own its dredger. The dredger now here is almost constantly at work and the Government might not wish to loan it for the time required. This dredger cost \$7,400 complete here and no contractor would care to put that amount into a plant with only Pearl Harbor bar work in sight."

Proposals for sale of the land needed are made by S. M. Bellou, as secretary of the John II Estate, Ltd., to Captain Nichols of the Bennington and the claim is made that the prices of \$250 and \$300 an acre are less than the price paid for land in this vicinity bought as a business venture. These are the option figures, under date of February 18, of this year:

First. The United States Government can purchase section A, comprising 50 acres, for \$1, provided they will agree to open the harbor for the passage of their largest war vessels within a period of two years from the date of the original option.

Second. The United States Government can purchase section A, comprising 50 acres, without conditions, for \$25,000, or \$500 an acre.

Third. The United States Govern ment can purchase section A, comprising 50 acres, and section E, comprising 360 acres, or 410 acres in all, for \$102,500, or \$250 per acre.

Fourth. The United States Government can purchase sections A and B. comprising 200 acres, for \$90,000, or

\$300 per acre. Fifth. The United States Government can purchase sections C and D, comprising 500 acres, for \$100,000, or

\$200 per acre. The United States Government to have the privilege of securing a sufficient flow of water from any part of the land in the possession of the John It Estate, Limited, by tapping any available source of water or by sinking artesian wells, or otherwise, and to have perpetual right of way for a pipe line to convey the said water from its source to the land hereby offered for sale. In case the United States Government fails to obtain a flow of fresh water from artesian wells upon any portion of this land purchased by them, they shall have the right to take water in a pipe, not to exceed 4 inches in diameter, from the wells now flowing on the land of the John li Estate, about a mile inland.

The new options hereby given are limited to the same time as the original options now on file in Washing-

Of Waipio peninsula it is said that it affords many advantages for a naval station and that "the entire peninsula is needed for Government purposes in order to prevent any town springing up in too close proximity to the naval station."

HAWAITAN SUGAR.

Figures on Island Cargoes to Sar Francisco.

Imports of Sugar from the Hawaiian Islands at San Francisco in April, were as follows:

1 222.17001	
April 1, Zealandia, stmr	17,39
April 3, Bering	10,20
April 8, Consuelo	7,11
April 3, Inca	81.76
April 3, Mauna Ala	18.42
April 8, Planter	14.89
April 3, Sharpshooter	12.67
April 4, Transit	14 07
April 4, Jennie Wand	5.47
April 4, Johnson Wand	7747
April 6, Alameda	11 00
April 10, Albert Meyer	
April 10, Olga	12,25
April 19, Santiago	
April 23, Robert Searles	
April 28, Irmgard	
April 23, Mary Winkelman	
April 28, Repeat	
April 26, Zealandia	17,49
April 27, J. D. Spreckels	
April 27, Lurline	
April 28, W. G. Irwin	8,99
	014 90
Total bags	275'21

Arrived.

These cargoes are equal to \$6,675,890 ibs. The arrivals in March were equal to \$4,689,400 lbs. There were several vessels fully due at San Francisco from the Hawaiian Islands on the 1st, and the May arrivals will probably exceed those of any month this year.

Rapid Transit Bill. Undoubtedly the matter of greatest interest in the House today will be the consideration of House bill 55, electric railway act, in third reading. While the members are in favor of the bill, there are differences of opinion among them as to certain provisions. The electric railway bill was to have been misunderstanding between the committee, the translator, the clerk and the typewriter, it was not ready. The

MARINE PARK Poor Blood

Bill to Establish One on East Side of Harbor.

House Committees Will Report on Appropriation Bill-Acts Signed.

SENATE.

Seventy-third Day, May 12.

Minister Cooper introduced a bill giving authority to construct a marine park on the east side of the harbor, and to acquire land from the Bishop of the United States to furnish and Estate to continue the park with the addition of a sea aquarium, with wharf for landing and all the necessary appurtenances. The bill passed first reading and went to the Printing Com-

> Minister Cooper also introduced a bill facilitating the opening of streets. The Audit Act was read third time and passed.

> Senator Schmidt's bill to allow the manufacturers of Hawaiian wine to sell their product to local dealers was read by title and went to the Commerce Committee.

> The House bill relating to the building of plers and jettys over tide water etc., was read by title and went to the Public Lands Committee The House bill fixing the time with-

> in which appeals may be made from District Magistrate decisions passed first reading, was read by title and went to the Judiciary Committee.

The joint resolution providing for appointing a tax commission to report to the next session of the Legislature was passed.

HOUSE.

On motion of Rep. Achi, the House ordered the various committees to fly lately reported as bothering cattle. whom had been referred items in Senate bill 5, salaries appropriation bill, to report not later than Monday.

Third reading and passage of House bill 79, relating to the practice of veterinary surgery.

Third reading of Senate bill 17, relating to registration of vessels. Action deferred until Friday.

. Third reading of Senate bill 30, relating to appeals and bills of exceptions. Bill passed third reading as amended.

Under suspension of rules, Rep. Ka-

haulelio presented the following peti-"For an appropriation of \$225 to pay M. Kealoha for land taken hy holulu on the Noeau yesterday morn-the Government for road purposes. Ing, having been summoned as a wit-Referred to the special committee

on road contracts. 2. For an appropriation of \$225 to pay S. Ahmi of Kula, Maui, fer land taken by the Government for walf, is now at New Haven, where her road purposes."

Referred to the same special commit-1 College.

Third reading and passage of House bill 57, relating to foreign corpora-

AFTERNOON SESSION.

continuation of discussion on House courer and Victoria today with a day's bill 56, an act to extend certain pro-visions of Land Act, 1895, to private running on time now so that the War-Continuation of discussion on House lands. There was about three-quartimoo should not be delayed over to-ters of an hour discussion on the biff day. when it passed against the recommend. Jas. Judd, son of the Chief Justice ation of the committee with only three with United States troops as a mem-votes against it. The Ministers as ber of the Red Cross corps. The young expressed themselves in favor of the kery.

Minister Cooper reported that the the Kauai yesterday for the purpose bills on May 11:

on spirituous liquors, still wines and by Thursday or Friday. other beverages made from materials other than grape juice; and amending Section 1 of Act 79 of the Session Laws of 1896, relating thereto.

withdrawn for the sole and special use of the Queen's Hospital from the Custom House in Honolulu, free of duty. Act 28—An Act to appropriate money rangi yesterday. It is his intention to for the purpose of defraying the expenses of the session of the Legislature of the year 1898, from the public treasury.

These three acts complete a list of 28 bills that have been signed by the President. Of these 22 are from the House and 6 from the Senate. This does not include joint resolutions. There have been 87 bills introduced in the House and 28 in the Senate.

House adjourned at 2:30 p. m.

S. S. Australia.

It is reported from the local agency of the Oceanic S. S. Company that the S. S. Australia, at present supplied as local steamer to San Francisco by the Zealandia, is "in the air." The United States Government has an option on a charter of the Australia to carry men and supplies to Admiral Dewey's fleet in the Philippines. She is considered one of the most available boats for several reasons. Much of her Klondike passenger arrangement still remains. She is a good carrier and can make fair time on a slight allowance of coal. brought up yesterday but owing to a The City of Peking, the Pera and the China are also mentioned as engaged for the Philippines conditionally. The report of Admiral Dewey on the Macommittee promised to have it ready nila fight is awaited. Of course if these W. D. Alexander, Burreyor-General of the consideration of the House ships are used their 19,000 passengers will see Honolulu.

Nervous Presiration

Tested and tried for 35 years in all parts of the world.



Sarsaparilla

and Dr. Ayer's Pilis. Both of these I have used in differents parts of the world, including Australia, for myself and my patients, in cases of nervous prostration, poor blood, skin diseases and all complaints from weakness peculiar to women. I most heartly recommend these preparations to all sufferent and of the above named distressing grouplaints."

For constitution take Dr. Ayer's Fills. The promptly relieve and surely cure. Take then with Dr. Ayer's Sarsaparilla: one aids the other

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar; 96 deg., 4¼ cts. A number of native Hawaiian Mormons are planning to soon leave for

Utah.

Prof. A. Koebele now suggests the importation of a bird to kill the horn Dr. Wight and wife of Kohala left on the Aorangi yesterday. They are

bound for San Diego to spend a little E. O. Hall & Son advertise free wind for the use of cyclists. New Ramblers

and Columbias received by the Zealandia. The Advertiser was compelled to is-

sue two editions of its extra yesterday, owing to the thirst for war news being so great. Minister Damon is having some sur-

veying done at Moanalua in contemplation of road making as part of his plan for public botanic gardens. Sheriff Coney of Kauai came to Ho-

pess in a libel case in the Circuit Court. Mrs. A. S. Willis, wife of the late Minister of the United States to Ha-

son Albert is being prepared for Yale W. E. Rowell, Superintendent of Public Works, returned yesterday from

Kanai. He reports that good progress is being made in repairing flood damage on the Garden Isle. The Warrimoo is due from Van-

well as the majority of the members man is studying medicine and sur-W. E. Rowell left for Hanapepe on

President had signed the following of superintending the commencement of the work on the bridge at that Act 26—An Act relating to the duty place. Mr. Rowell expects to be back

On the last up trip, leaving here April 22, the Gaelic met such weather that she was compelled to "lay to" and considerable damaged.

Ex-Captain Edwards of the Mounted Patrol left for Vancouver on the Acgo to Iowa to join the National Guard there. Mr. Edwards is very anxious to go to "the scene of action."

When the Rio de Janeiro passed

GENERAL CATALOGUE

BUYERS' GUIDE

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Chicago, U.S.A. IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD

It has more than hills illustrations, about \$1.00 quotations of prious, weight \$50 pounds, and destable over \$60 pages, Everythan you went to use i listed in its and the prious quoted planes you for a position so buy from us, in large or insall quantities, as wholesable prious. We do ust, and their demonst Catalogue and Buyers Guider, we give it query. To introduce to you our impresses facilities we will send free of charges to you or not premise. The property of the prious of the property of the prious property of the property of the property of the property of the prious of the property of the prious of the property of the property of the prious of the prior of the prious of the prior of the prio

Montgomory Ward & Co.,

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

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Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

DORICJune OHINAJune 1 PERU July COPTIC July 1 RIO DE JANEIRO.....July 2

FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

17	CHINA	
26	BBLGEC	May 31
4	PERU	June 10
16	COPTIC	Jume 19
25	RIO DE JANEIRO	June 28
5	GARLIC	July 8
14	CITY OF PEKING	July 17
	1	
		of District

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

remittances aboard. The Chronicle says the Chinese are afriad to risk their money at sea under the American flag, and have postponed the sending of their savings to the Flowery Kingdom until May 3d, when the British steamship Venus sails for the Orient. The flour destined for the Rio is also held for the Venus.

'TT IS THE BEST ON EARTH."

That is what Edwards & Parker, merchants of Plains, Ga., say of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, for rheumatism, lame back, deep seated and muscular pains. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Too Bad!

Alum shrivels up the insides.

Too bad the makers of low-price baking powder don't try some other way of getting rich.

Schilling's Best does no harm.

OUR REPUTATION

press the few who may not yet be in line, with the neceswhen out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

m. on day of sailing,

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and sarvival of its steamers without the responsible for any consequences arising thereform. Consigness must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed. sity of sending their watches.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so

down to MS, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

In will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

It would be surprised too, how allowed the company will not be company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers application to the pursue of the Company and which may be seen by shippers application to the pursue of the Company and which may be seen by shippers application to the pursue of the Company and which may be seen by shippers application to the pursue of the Company and which may be seen by shippers application to the pursue of the Company and which may be seen by shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such recaipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

Passengers are requested to purchase You will be surprised, too, how

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

I.F.WICHMAN

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

Act 27—An Act allowing alcohol, as nours. The bark Alden Besse, Cappiritions liquous and wines to be the Potter, was caught in the gale H.F.WICHMAN BOX 342.

TO RENT.

HANALET, KAUAI, through Honofulu she had no Spanish PRINCEVILLE PLANTATION CO., will Lease their Mill and Diffusion Plant, capacity twenty-five tons intwenty-four hours; also, their Lands not under lease, comprising 1500 to 2009 acres of arable land, which can all be irrigated by water from the mountains, by ditabes or pipes. Something over one-half of this property is for sale: This includes the Valleys of Hanalei, Kalihikai and Kalibiwai, most of which are under lease

> For all particulars apply to W. F. ALLEN, Office over Bishop & Co.'s Bank. April 5th, 1898.

for rice culture.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S

The Bark "Nunann" will sail from inches. Price \$2.50. New York to Honolulu on or about If sufficient inducement offers. Ad-

vances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Mourra CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston or

C. BREWER & CO., LTD.,

Honolelu Agenta.

TIME TABLE

S. S. KINAU, CLARKE, COMMANDER,

touching at Lehaina, Maalaca Bay and Makena the same day; Mahukona, Kawaihao and Laupahochoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same afternoon.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Friday....May 20 Friday.....July 1 Tuesday....May 31 Tuesday....July 12 Thuraday...June 9 Friday....July 22 Tuesday...June 21 Tuesday....Aug. 2

Will call at Poholki, Puna, on trips marked. Returning, will leave Hilo at \$ o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahu-kona and Kawaihae sume day; Makana, Masissa Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

ARRIVE HONOLULU. Wednesday. May 18 Wednesday. June 29 Saturday... May 28 Saturday... July 9 Wednesday. June 8 Wednesday. July 20

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the sec-Will call at Poholki, Puns, on the sec-ond trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu. The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the en-tire distance. Round-trip tickets, covering all ex-penses, \$50.

Saturday...June 18 Saturday...July 30

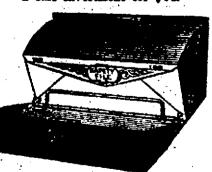
S. S. CLAUDINE,

CAMEBON, CORMARDER. For fine watch work is wide p. m., touching at Kahului Hana, Hamper and Kipahulu, Mani. Returning arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings. Will call at Nuu, Raupo, ones each month. No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing,

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible much better to send it right for money or valuables of passengers un-

Upon your attention today will-prove a safe investment for you.



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Keeps valuable Papers of all kinds rafe. Enameled Metal Case, strong Manila Pockets, separate and removable. Best and safest system of filing Leanes, Contracts, Insurance Policies, Notes, Bonds, Mortgages, Deeds, Etc.

No. 10. Size \$x5%x11 inches closed. Contains 24 pockets 4%x10%. Price

No. 20. Size 45/x55/x11 inches closed. Contains \$1 pockets 416x1616 Sole Agents for Hawalian Islanda.

Wall, Nichols Company

- All the man all have a common which the control of the control of

Reed the Howeiian Genetic (Semi-Weekly).

Hawatian Lodge No. 21 Figures in History.

HALF A CENTURY OF MASONRY

Organization Here Under California's Grand Lodge-First Meeting-Temple Pictures.

Parts 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 of that superb publication "Fifty Years of Masonry in California," are being distributed by the Hawaiian News Company. This to members of the craft in the Islands is a most interesting and valuable subscription publication. It is on the art order, being illustrated with the finest steel engravings and half tones and having initial letters of original designs embellished in colors. The edition would prove an ornament to any library. It is presumed that quite a number of the Masons of this place are securing the work.

Part 6 of "Fifty Years of Masonry in California" is of especial interest to the local Mystic Tie men. It tells of Hawaiian Lodge No. 21, which is under the Grand Jurisdiction of Cali- little plan. Our present school sysfornia. The other lodges here are respectively attached to France and Australia. In this official record Hawaiian Lodge No. 21 is set down as hav-Thursday evening, February 19, 1852. There were present S. Lyon, John Meek, Chas. W. Vincent, A. C. Mott, J. Brown, D. P. Penhallow, Wm. Wond, J. Irwin, J. G. Sawkins, F. W. Thompson and A. J. Cartwright. Petitions were received from M. R. Harvey, Henry Macfarlane, R. Coady, James Dean and James Montgomery. The first real business transacted was arrangement for purchase of a lot in Nuuanu cemetery. Of the present days the history says:

"Hawailan Lodge No. 21 now numbers 146 Master Masons on its roll:and is in a flourishing condition. We hope that Masonry will soon be so flourishing in the Hawaiian Islands under the flag of the United States that our brethren there may have a grand lodge of their own. In all of these forty-five long years, Hawaiian No. 21 has been a bright star and a lighthouse of brotherly love, relief and truth in mid-ocean. The wandering brother on the high seas has been guided to a port and haven of refuge and welcomed to the warm fraternal embraces of his faithful and loving brethren, awaiting to receive him with an earnest and true aloha and to furnish him poi either with or without a spoon, and if cold would conduct him to the largest and warmest kitchen in the world, Kilauea, where the fires are always aglow and the range consumes its own ashes after the yams have been cooked.

"The lodge has had upon its roll of members grand, big-hearted men who have been an honor and pride to the craft. It has maintained its existence under peculiar difficulties and under have gone ahead in laying the foundations of Masonry well, and have built to feel proud."

acters and services of the late Theo. C. Porter and the late Alex. J. Cart-Pioneers.

It was 1887 before the Grand Lodge 34 years Hawaiian Lodge had been completely left to itself, life a waif in mid-ocean, to sink or swim, survive or will pay on Oahu, perish-a lone light-ship of Free Masonry. I was pleased to find the Lodge out of debt. From its location it has frequent calls for charity and I learn that a needy brother has never gone empty-handed from its doors.

In this part 6 of the series are pictures of the Masonic Temple at the corner of Hotel and Alakes, showing both exterior and interior.

IDEAS FOR INDUSTRIES.

Fruit Culture.

MR. EDITOR:-I have read with much interest your forcible articles on "No Tropical Fruits," "Local Study," etc., in which you show yourself to be a true patriot who has the wellfare of the masses of the people and the development of the resources of the country at heart. We have the capital, skill, soil, climate, muscle and everything else needed for the people to work under proper methods and this wife has been a sufferer from nheumawould soon be a land "flowing with milk and honey." I would suggest the following plan which might be greatly modified to suit ideas and conditions. Let the Government appoint Industrial Boards from the ablest local men and women throughout the Islands, whose of Mr. Rowland's purchase at first, but duty would be to direct and encourage the people, to teach those who needed instruction, to form associations, to offer prizes for well kept ranches, fine gardens, execellent produce, to find markets, appoint agents to handle produce, etc. If the land in Kona alone, between the coffee belt and the sea, wallan Islands.

which is now a dreary waste, were properly cultivated, it would be capable of giving a comfortable living to every Hawaiian on the Islands. The papaia, cocoanut tree, grape vine and peanut, grow well by the sea. A little higher the banana and pineapple do well. Thousands of pigs and chickens could be raised from the fruit of the papaia. Honey might be produced in great abundance. The palm from which the Panama hat is made, grows well here. In the coffee belt all kinds of fruit and garden produce can easily be raised. Above the coffee belt there is excellent timber which could be turned into lumber and furniture.

Each school should have a few acres of land on which the pupils might be taught to produce everything of which their locality is capable. The school hours should be extended from 8:30 a. m. to 4 p. m., and the pupils should enjoy a good free lunch at noon. The girls could make all the children's clothing, make hats, cook, etc., while the boys would do the rougher work on

the land and in the school factories. You have advised the manufacture of gloves. Could not the raw material be produced and shipped to France, Japan and other countries, to be made into gloves? . It seems to me that great quantities of raw silk and cotton might also be produced in Hawaii which would find a ready market in other parts of the world.

I am suggestiing nothing new in my tem is nearly broad enough to take it all in. The agricultural, horticultural, fruit growers' associations, polytechnic ing held its first regular meeting on and agricultural schools are all based on similar principles.

R. LAW.

Yours sincerely,

Kailua, May 2, 1898.

THE PLAGUE IN HONGKONG.

During One Week There Were 106 Cases and 87 Deaths.

The total number of plague cases in Hongkong reported from the commencement of the year to April 15th was 417, and the total number of deaths 363.

During the week ending 9th April, there were 106 cases of plague reported and 87 deaths, of which 21 cases and 17 deaths occurred during the previous 24 hours. The Board has now seven gangs at work in the city carrying out house to house cleansing, in consequence of the increase in the number of cases of the disease.

On April 14 a meeting of the Sani tary Board was held to consider regulations. From the reports made to the Board it was discovered that often the bodies of plague victims were found in the streets. The day on which the meeting was held eight bodies had been found. The Board passed a resolution, at the suggestion of the president recommending the Government to allow them to cremate the bodies thrown out surreptitionsly.

Diversified Industries.

an unstable government. Under these of the Advertiser that a practical uncertainties and lack of permanent movement is being made in the direcgovernment our Hawaiian brethren tion of testing the plan of diversified industries for Hawaii. Mr. Martin has a temple of which they have a right enlisted in the good cause H. C. Myers of the Interior office and J. Carden, one Special mention is given the char- of the the Bureau of Education members. The tailor has established in the wright. Mr. Cartwright was a life rear of his emporium and factory on member of the California Society of Fort street a small plantation or truck farm. Already there may be seen in various stages of growth the banana, No. 21. The banquet on the occasion pineapple and papais. There is no was honored by the presnee of the question of Mr. Martin's versatility year when Minister Sewall presided at late King Kalakaua, he having been and as he is a close student in all that the public meeting in the Arlington a Mason. The inspector said that for this important word implies he cannot

Father Matthias in Earnest.

The man on the Island of Hawaii who is waging bitter, relentless and effective war on the Japanese beetle is Father Matthias of the Roman Catholic Mission. The reverend father has 40 or 50 boys at his command and engages all of them in gathering beetles to be inoculated. The work is going board has informed the Hongkong on under a wholesole plan. Father Possibilities for Development in Matthias writes to Honolulu that while much is being done and the mark of progress may be seen, that the task is a tremendous one. The beetles exist by the hundreds of thousands and in the work of destruction are measured by the gallon.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR RHEUMA-

TIDM. (From the Fairhaven (N. Y.) Register.) Mr. James Rowland of this village, day were the following: states that for twenty-five years his tism. A few nights ago she was in such pain that she was nearly crasy. She sent Mr. Rowland for the doctor. but he had read of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and instead of going for the physician he went to the store and secured a bottle of it. His wife did not approve nevertheless applied the Balm thoroughly and in an hour's time was able to go to sleep. She now applies it or four months. Most of their time will whenever she feels an ache or a pain be spent at Oberlin, O., where both and finds that it always gives relief. He says that no medicine which she had used ever did her as much good. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for Ha-

of Kilauea Cyclorama Will Not Be Shown.

Space Taken-Fair to Be a Big Thing-Honolulu People in the California Theater Panic.

Martin Smith writes from San Franciaco that he will not show the cyclerama of Kilauea at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition to be held in Omalia this summer. Upon his arrival at the attraction to be shown on the mate court; this space having been allotted to another enterprise. Mr. Smith adds. that great preparations have been made for the big show. The Expostion people are confident that Uncle Sam will have completely whipped Spain before the end of June and then the Omaha Fair will be turned into a National jubilee. Governor Budd has just appointed M. H. De Young, proprietor of the Chronicle, Exposition Commissioner-General for California.

Mr. Smith and a large party of Henolulu residents, including Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lewers and daughter; Miss Harriet, Will Love and sister; and others, heard Melba at the Call-fornia theater on the night of the panic. The Islanders were cool enough to keep their seats until the rush was over and aside from saving their necks by doing so, also saved their wraps and many bruises.

First a steam pipe burst on the stage and that set the people off as though Spaniard had cast a bomb in their midst. They were finally quieted and then a fire broke out in a building adjoining the theater. Those sitting up in the gallery discovered the flames and immediately gave the alarm.

Every body made for the doors. Mr Smith says he never saw such a crass panic stricken lot of people. took about ten minutes to clear the opera house and when the people were out the whole place was strewn with wraps, coats, hats and other wearing WE CARRY ONLY articles. One youth jumped from a box in the balcony into the crowd on the main floor. On the stage there was also a panic, the actors and orchestra members chasing each other about the scenery. All the Honolulu delegation escaped injury.

To Promote Immigration.

Francis M. Hatch, Hawaiian Envoy to the United States writes from Washington recommending that the Government here appropriate the sum of \$250,000 to be devoted to the assistance of emigration from the United States to these Islands. The Cabinet has decided to refer the matter to the finances committees of the Senate and J. S. Martin has been so impressed House. The amount of \$50,000 was set with the gospel put forth by the editor aside at the last session of the Legislature and the same amount is in the appropriation bill for the present session for this purpose, but there was litsource that Mr. Fitzgerald wished to with as much safety as if homes look beautiful and cosy. draw means to further his project of you were in the store. placing a number of American farmers on each plantation.

For July 4.

In a few days there will be called a meeting of the committee on Fourth of July celebration that was selected last hotel. This will be for the purpose of fail to show that diversified industries deciding in a way upon what should be pected that the usual program will be followed, with fireworks as a feature. J. A. Kennedy, by the way, has antechnic department.

In West River District.

The acting secretary of the sanitary infected mest into the markets of Hongkong colony.

On the Aorangi.

Among the through passengers of the Aorangi from the Colonies yester-

ter. Mr. Fraser is a general in the ling what, in our judgment, British General and has a K. C. B. attached to his name.

J. Gould, one of the directors of the New Zealand Shipping Company.

Given Farewells.

terday for the States to be some three stock is thoroughly complete have friends and relatives. The Bowens were last abroad in 1894. Mr. Bowen is of the firm of Castle & Cooke, Lad. He is a very active man in business affairs, but has found plenty of

time for outside work of a religious nature, chiefly in connection with the Portuguese mission of the Central Union Church. Mrs. Bowen has coop-

erated in this field. J. Marsden, ex-Commissioner of Agriculture and the new Labor Commissioner for the Government, left by the Aorangi, the same steamer by which Mr. and Mrs. Bowen sailed. There ties of the were at the wharf to extend to Mr. Marsden a large number of club and down town friends and Government officials.

Island Klondikers.

Pat Hughes, who is now well inland in the golden territory of the chilly north, writes to a Honolulu friend something of the trip and prospects. The companions of Mr. Hughes are Coast, Mr. Smith found the Exposition Geo. Bohn of this place and the Osmanagement had sold the exclusive trois brothers of Kohale, Hawaii. The With 2 poor pump, Still it cyclorama privileges to another pasts from have had a fairly good time of who refused to allow the big volcation it so far. They left Vancouver on the 10th of March and having carefully prepared for the future had quick dispatch and are before this actually in the gold fields. The men used sleds and did their own hauling. At yarious times all of them were slightly ill. In the letter received yesterday Mr. Hughes says all are in excellent mills, the health and have fine appetites. Mr. Hughes remarked that he thought he knew what hard work was, but had only found out after being on the trail

> a few days. A report was in circulation here t few days ago to the effect that Mr. Hughes had lost his eyesight. There was nothing in this story.

On account of the drought in California, and there is good prospects of its being much

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When sending for order nounced that he declines to any longer samples, or for information, serve as director general for the pyro- write, plainly your name and postoffice. After receiving samples, and they prove satlisfactory, order quickly, and lif possible make two or three Press that rinder pest exists at the selections, marking them in present time at Macao, Canton, and the order of your choice. They are a great temperature regulaalong the delta of the West river, but This will prevent the delay that every possible precaution is being required in sending new taken by the officers of the santtary samples which so often hapboard to prevent the importation of pens when goods to match the sample required are sold.

ANXIAMA, — It sometimes unavoidably happens that goods ordered are out of stock, and in such cases we Sir James Fraser-Tytter and daugh- take the liberty of substitutis equally desirable, both in quality and price. If not satlisfactory in this case, please return at our expense. In our Grocery, Crockery and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bowen left yes- Hardware departments our and the range of prices is all that can be desired.

Queen Street.

May 9, 1898.

Last week we drew your attention to the good quali-

but did not mention the fact that although the Aermotor

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which will furnish from 8 to 10,000 gallons per hour. For our smaller mills we have a pump which is man-Use the last advance as soon as our present stock is disposed of ARRY ONLY

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Why not call and get prices, you are not compelled to buy, but this we do want to impress upon you, and that is that it is not necessary to

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If you have never tried us on Tepairing and upholstering you don't know what old furniture looks like after it has passed through our bands

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AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

HORSE RACE TALK

Commence of the second second

Keen Interest in Two Matches for the Track.

Park Record to Be Broken-Wagers The "Two in Three" Proposition.

It was reported last evening that s but of the younger "sports had sent forward by the Doric an order for a harness racing horse that would show the way to any of the late importa- walsts. tions of speed stock. It will be difficuit indeed to get such a horse, but the assurance is ventured that the animal will be forthcoming for June 11

The matter of two heats in three instead of three in five for the pacing and trotting events has not been droped by any means. The change is still fluence in the Hawaiian Jockey Club near Pearl City, where he is in the and it is likely to be made. It is strongly recommended by many of the best patrons of the track. One of the owners who has been in marked opposition to the proposed reform from the first said yesterday, when perhaps off his guard, that he would have been agreeable but for the fact that a certain individual with whom he had an old difference was so much in favor of the change. This temper may disappear.

On next Saturday occurs the match between Hollinger's Margaret H and Norton's Directress. The favorite had been up to yesterday Directress, but some of the backers of the favorite have been trying to "hedge," that is protect themselves by betting something on the other entry. Both animals are in good condition and have been showing the mile in the neighborhood of 2:28.

More interest is taken in the Violin-Irish Lassie match than in anything of the sort here for years. It is known that Vielin has worked out the mile in 2:24 and that Irish Lassie has done the same thing in 2:25 or under. It is claimed that in the fast trial caught the driver of Irish Lassie "slowed up" record (2:21 1-2) will be beaten." Men are at the track every day now with in every case where it applies? split second watches trying to satisfy themselves as to the merits of all the match horses as well as others in

Hawaiian Relationship.

experts in the craft is possing enough to most of the lawyers and judges and to nearly all the laymen. But when a question of relationship comes up unexpectedly in a trial it produces mild consternation. There was such an inwith the answer yet to come:

My mother (A) had a sister (B) who had a son (C), and he had a wife (D), In a short time she was quite a new whose sister (E), was this man's (F) wife, and in that way they were connected. What is the relationship between A and F?

A Honolulu Player.

Pat Gleason, who was a star ball player here once as a short stop, is the Honolulus. Gleason, who has been away a little more than a year, has been playing with some good Coast clean fielding and handiness with the point. stick, will be a valuable acquisition to any team. The young man, who has many friends in Honolulu, has been attending the business college at Stockton, Cal., to fit himself for a position from food, and Nature suspended her here. He left with a record for studiousness and ability and should suc-

Magistrate at Hanalci.

After consideration for some weeks the Executive has voted to have Judge J. Kakina commissioned as District Magistrate at Hanalei, Kanal. The native who had held the post for about two years died quite suddenly lately. Judge Kakina has had considerable both as an attorney and in judicial wards did when she took Seigel's Syespecity. He will enter upon the du-rup. But the trouble is this: Medities of his office at once. This is an Executive appointment, the naming of use them, and cure people with them, the man resting entirely with Presi- of course. Mother Seigel's is one of dent Dole.

Determined Citizens.

of the Government powder magazine on Punchbowl are becoming uneasy over the delay and uncertainty in the the polace, repairs the machine. matter of plans for the removal of the and digestom and strength. You see storebouse of explosives. Several of the order the sequence, Yek Well, hood may that unions the magazine is set the engine - under; then the stoker soon removed they will go to court gets up the steam and institute proceedings against the of all machines—Mether Beigel's Sy-Gereroment. It is still maintained rup in the skilled mechanic.

that there is great danger to all living within the explosion radius and that promises to place the powder elsewhere should be filled before the Legislature adjourns.

Lawmaking Elsewhere.

Massachusetts wants to tax black-North Dakots wats to license bar-

Indiana wants to tax whiskers. Michigan wants to tax bachelors. Minnesota wants a law against send-

ing flowers to criminals. Oklahoma wants to legislate against

Kansas wants to legislate against cornets and Alabama against shirt

San Francisco wants an ordinance against the wearing of high hats in

Capt. John Kidwell.

Heartiest congratulations were extended yesterday to Capt. John Kidwell upon his reappearance in the city after a siege of illness at his home pineapple and cane growing business. Last December the captain was kicked by a mule and a couple of weeks ago noticed that the hurt was taking on new life. A physician was consulted, with the result that there was some lancing, after which the leg was placed in a plaster cast. Capt. Kidwell is able to walk all right again, but through dieting and confinement indoors lost about twenty pounds in weight.

A LESSON FOR THE WEAK.

Do you see that locomotive engine standing on the side-track? Something has broken down about it. There is not a hiss of steam from its valves; it is still and cold as a dead whale on a beach; it can't draw a train; it can't even move itself. Now, tell me, do you believe that any amount of tinkering and hammering at it would make it go? Not a bit. Nothing on earth will make it go except steam in in a very marked manner on the last the boiler, and even that won't unless eighth. One wager has been made the engine is in order. Everybody "that it Irish Lassie wins the trade knows that, you say. Do they? Then why don't they act on this principle

Here is such case. Writing concerning his wife, a gentleman says: "In the autumn of 1880, my wife fell into training for June 11. In the match a low, desponding state through famewents there does not enter that fear lly bereavement. Her appetite was prevailing on open days that by some poor, and no food, however light. means the best horse may not finish agreed with her. After eating she had pain and tightness at the chest, and a sense of fuliness as if swollen around the waist. She was much trou-Native geanoliogy made plain by the bled with flatulence, and had pain at the heart and palpitation. At times she was so prostrated that she was confined to her room for days together, and had barely strength to move.

"At first she consulted a doctor at Ferry Hill, but getting worse, she went to see a physician at Newcastle.
The latter gave her some relief, but stance before Judge Perry in the Cir- still she did not get her strength up; and C cuit Court yesterday, with Deputy At- after being under his treatment for six General Dole on one side and months she discontinued going to him. Charles Creighton on the other. This Better and worse, she continued to Acceptation on the other. is the statement of fact and question, of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup. She suffer for over a year, when she heard began taking it, and soon her appetite revived and her food gave her strength. woman. Since that time (now nearly twelve years ago) I have always kept this medicine in the house, and if any of my family ail snything a few doses puts us right.—Yours truly, (Signed) George Walker, Grocer, &c., Ferry Hill, near Durham, October 25th, 1898."

We call attention especially to those words in Mri Walker's letter which are printed in italics. You can pick back from the Coast by the Zealandia them out at a glance. They show how and will in all probability be signed by fully he understands where human strength comes from-that it comes from digested food and not from any medicines the doctor or any one else can give us. Let un have no mistake teams while absent and saide from his or confusion of mind on this important

> For example, Mrs. Walker was ill with indigestion and dyspepsia. Her symptoms, and how she suffered, her husband tells us. The disease destroyed her power to obtain any strength appetite in order that she might not make bad worse by eating what could only ferment in the stomach and fill her blood with the resulting poisons. The only outcome of such a state of things must be pain and weaknessweakness which, continued long enough, must end in absolute prostrution and certain death.

Well, then, she failed to get up her strength under the treatment of either doctor. Why? Simply because the medicines they gave her-whatever they may have been did not cure the torpid and inflamed stomach. If they experience on the bench in the lower | And cured it then she would have got Court and is said to be a man of ability up her strength exactly as she aftercines that will do this are rare. If the doctors possess them they would these rare and effective medicines. If there is another as good the public has not yet been made acquainted with the fact. But even the Syrup does not The people who live in the vicinity impart strength; it is not a so-called "topic;" there is no such thing. It (the syrup) owers the discore, drives out

Then comes the appetite (all of itself) the beads of far illes in the neighbor- please bear it is mind. The mechanics



With clean, wholesome Scalp, free from Hohing, bleeding, and scaly emptions, produced by warm shampoos with Currouna Soar, and frequent dressings with Curr-CURA, greatest of smollients and purest of ship cause. This treatment clears the scalp and hair of crusts, scales, and dandroff, soothes irritated and itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, nourishes the scots and makes the hair thick, soft, and glossy.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. Nutrusar & Sous, London. Porrus Duno And Cunn., Conf., Sele Props., Selection, U. S. A. and How to Produce Legariant Hat," a 64-mags book, peak fire.

Hollister & Co. Import Cigars direct from Havana.

Hollister & Co. Import American Cigars direct from the

Hollister & Co. hisport Manila Cigars direct from the

Hollister & Co. Import Smoking Tobaccos direct from the Hollister & Co. Pactories.

Hollister & Co. Import Snuff direct from the Factories.

Hollister & Co. Import Three B Pipes direct from the Fac-

Hollister & Co. Hava Havana and Manila Cigars in Bond.

Hollister & Co. ATO TOBACCONISTS.

Hollister & Co. Are Located at-

Corner of Fort & Merchant Sts.

California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal. Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal. J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.... DEALERS IN....

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE. FERTILIZERS. NITRATE OF SODA. SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order-

The manures manufactured by the Camponeta Ferritters Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flash, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use in an adult proven that is used to a syntaction.

is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA PRINTELEER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fortilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTO CALLFORNIA PERTILIZER WORES.

Having carefully bottled up all the "blowing" done by our competitors during the past few months we are now able to offer the public FREE WIND, and you will find same on tap a little

to the East of our King street store door, also near our Bleycle display in the store. Everybody is welcome to wind, and the connections will fit

By the "Zealandia" we have another shipment of RAMBLERS and COLUMBIAS: also an Enameling Oven for our Repair Depart-For new wheels, or for the best repair work, go to

E. O. HALL & SON. Ld.

Pictures,

FRAMED OR UNFRAMED,

110 HOTEL ST.

DETROIT

STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE. I size, 4 styles, with Water Coll.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water

CITY JEWEL RANGE. 2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE. . 2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE. 3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE. 2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO

HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S

THE SREAT RIAMD PURIFIED & RESTURBE For cleaning and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurry, Eczema, Phuples, Skin and Blood Diseases,

and Seres of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Curse Old Scree.

/ Ourse Ulcerated Scree on the Week.
Curse Ulcerated Scree Legs.
Curse Sackbeads or Pimples on the Pace.
Curse Scurry Scree.
Curse Curse Screen.
Curse Curse Since and Skin Diseases.
Curse Sinced and Skin Diseases.

Cures Glandwiss Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising. As this mixture to pleasant to the tacts, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most deficate constitution of either sax, the Proprietory solicit sufferes to give it a trial to

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMORIALS From All Parts of the World.

Beid is Besties as, ML, and in cases containing six times the quantity, its, each employer to effect a percentage cases BY ALL CHEMISTS of imagestacing cases BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATEST MEDICINE YENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD, Proprietors. The Lemman AND MINISTER COUNTRY Dates THE LUMBER AND MINLAND COMPANY LESCONS, England. Courtion.—Ask for Clarks's Blood Mixture and however of workloss installed or salect

test its value.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE

INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company.

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1886. ACCUMULATED FUNDS.....£3,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

REDUCTION OF RATES. IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ld.

(ASTLE & COOKE)

LIFE AND FIRE

OF BOSTON.

Elao Fire insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

J. S. WALKER. General Agent the Hawaiian Islands:

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO.:

WILHELMA OF MADGEBURG INSUR-ANCE CO:; SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA: SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL

Rm. 12, Spreckels Blk. Honolulu, H. I.

| Hamburg - Bremen | Fire | Insurance | Go.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insur'ce Co Fortuna General Insurance Co

OF BERLIN

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are author ized to take risks against the dangers of the sease at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable ferms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agis.

General Insurance Co. for Sea. River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Hono-lulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favoris. F. A. SOHAEFER & Co.. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

Trans-Atlantic Pire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-serve, reichsmarks - 6,000,000 Capital their reinsurance com-panies - 101.660,000 Total reichsmarks - - - 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reschamarts - - 8,890,000
Capital their remnurance com-Total reichsmarks - - - 43,830,000

The andersigned, general egents of the shove two companies, for the Hawalian Islands, a e preparet to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Froduce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms. B. RACKFELD & CO., Ltd.

Total Funds at Met Decembes, #19,954,5894 Anthorised Ouplind-48,800,000 Subscribed Capital
Fald up Capital
Fire Funda 987,500 6 8 2,660,590 12 6 9,600,182 2 8

Life and Annuity Punds ALL WALLEST 16 B 1.577.000 17 8 1.054.597 9 13

CA 100 774 1 The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from Hability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO. Aponte for the Exwellen Islands.

Read the Hospatian Guests (Bemi-Weekly).

10.000 COME IT STOOD 7 TO 5

can Troops Visit Here.

Considerable Amounts of Refreshments Would Be Consumed.

The Honolulu Corner Grocery Club the matter of the possibility of 10,000 ton bluejacket, the twelve men chosen in regular session yesterday took up modore Dewey.

This army will be composed of National Guardsmen. The duty was divided between the regulars and the militia Becker-claimed that the hurt was inat the beginning. The regulars take flicted by a Pake who struck at a secthe lead in Cuba, are backed by ond bluejacket. A pretty straight guardamen there and leave all the rest. to the world in controversy to care of the citizen soldiery.

and stay say 24 hours, they will drink 7,000 gallons of beer, which is just about the maximum supply. They apples they will revel to the extent of about 10,000 and they will want say in the bounds surprisingly well. Mr. 3.000 bunches of bananas. In curios and incidents this army will spend at least \$3 a man. They'll patronize the tram to some extent just for the novelty of the thing.

Of course the whole 10.000 will not be here the same day. What a time of it there would be if they all did land in at once. The band would play for them, but they would drown it out if Berger and the boys. The crowds would fill the street and should they upon Minister Sewall to speak to the boys. Honolulu has never tried to entertain a crowd of 10,000, but the special committee of the A. U. P. would in all likelihood make a sally at the task in courageous manner. It might be that only a third or so of the army would be allowed ashore at one time. That would be a larger crowd of outsiders than Honolulu has known since Kamehameha and his army marched up town from Waikiki.

If the troopers do come this way it will be mighty interesting.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The S. S. Mariposa made the trip in five days and twenty-two hours.

from the Colonies.

VICTORIA, (B. C.), May 3.—The American ship E. B. Sutton, now here, has been chartered to load a cargo of coal for Honolulu. It is stated that the coal is for the American Govern-

The American barkentine Amelia, Willer master, arrived in port at ? a. m. yesterday, 23 days from Seattle, Wash,, with a cargo of 509,166 feet of lumber and 150,000 shingles for Allen & Robinson.

The American schooner Annie M. Campbell, Freiburg master, arrived in port at 6:30 p. m. yesterday, 18 days from Port Townsend with a cargo of 738,287 feet of lumber and 150,000 shingles for H. Hackfeld & Co.

The Hawaiian ship Helen Brewer which left Shanghai on October 25th and arrived at New York on February 22d, had in her cargo over 38,000 packages of tes, the largest quantity ever brought from Shanghai in one cargo by sailing vessel.

San Francisco-Arrived, April 30, stmr. Gaelic, 7 days from Honolulu, May 1, bk. Alden Besse, 27 days from Honolulu, May 3, stmr. Mariposa, 6 days from Honolulu, bk. C. B. Kenny, 25 days from Hilo. Sailed, May 14, bktn. Irmgard for Honolulu.

The fertilizer scows from the railroad wharf were kept very busy yesterday. The following was taken to different ports on these Islands: W. G. Hall, 80 tons; Mikahala, 50 tons; Iwaiani, 50 tons. The schooner Ka Moi, sailing today, will take 25 tons.

The American barkentine Planter, Dow master, arrived in port at 1 p. m. yesterday, 14 days from San Francisco with a cargo of 1,000 tons of general merchandise consigned to H. Hackfeld & Co. She left San Fran-Sunr. Kinau claco on April 27th. The Planter is Hawaii ports. at the irmgard wharf.

The James Makee arrived from Kapan yesterday with the following report of sugar left on Kauai: Kilauea, 330 bags; Kapaa, 9,500; Hanalei, 1,000; Lihue, 600; Kolon, 2,500; Hanamaulu, 1,000; G. & R. 1,100; Kekaha, 5,800; E. L. P., 3,000. When the Makes left Kausi the Noeau was discharging freight at Kilauea. She will be in this ai ports. morning with a full load of sugar.

The O. S. S. Zealandia, Dowdell commander, arrived in port at about 8 s. m. yesterday after a fine run of 6 days, 15 hours and 58 minutes from San Prancisco. Purser McCombe reports as follows: Experienced moderath to fresh N. W. winds to the 7th. Thence to port, light to moderate N. E. to S. E. winds, smooth sea and fine weather. Arrived in Honolula May 11th as above. Brought 13 cabin and 25 steerage passengers as well as 43 bags of mall.

Interesting Time if Ameri- Jury in the Case of Becker Fails to Agree.

> Out for Four Hours - Hopelessly Divided-Old Clory Gets & Mention in Circuit Court.

In the foreign jury criminal case of the Republic vs. Becker, a Benningto find a verdict, were unable to agree. American soldiers visiting this place It was charged that Becker some while en route to the Philippines to months ago stabled a Chinese. The take possession of the prizes of Com- Pake was the chief witness and swore that the prisoner was the man who wielded the knife. The Chinaman removed his shirt while on the witness stand and exhibited an ugly wound. story was told by the defendant, whose manner seemed truthful. He bore a good reputation in the service. The Chinaman was insistent with his evi-If 10,000 soldiers come to Honolulu | dence, however. Deputy Attorney-General Dole was for the Government and Paul Neumann for the defendant. There was a glorious opportunity for the lawyers to yank tail feathers from will buy 15,000 cigars. In pine- the American eagle in their arguments yesterday morning, but they kept with-Neumann made a careful little mention of the man's calling and said he would like to see his client back where he could do good for his country again. Mr. Dole said that for himself he feit very much American just at this time, but that as a servant of the State he held it to be his duty to prosecute regardless of star-spangled banner considerations. The jury, of which L. C. Ables was elected foreman, went out at 11:30 in the forenoon. In a couple they choose to send up a cheer for of hours they came in and told Judge Perry that they stood seven to five, with scarcely any prospect of returning a verdict. Lunch was given them be a bit lawless the authorities could between 12 and 1. At 3:30 the judge do scarcely anything else than call sent for the men and asked point blank if there was any possibility of reaching an agreement. The reply unanimous was that they could never get a result. The jury was then discharged and warned not to talk of their deliberations to other members of the panel. Becker may be given another trial and then again the case against him may be dropped. It is supposed that the vote of the wise dozen stood with the majority for acquittal.

To Fish With Steamer.

The new Cahu Market Company makes a publication of its officers this morning. Mr. Sess, the president, will go to the Coast by the Oceanic S. S. Zealandia. It is his purpose to purchase at San Francisco a steamer to be used in the fishing business in Hawaiian waters. The new company will in all likelihood have a considerable commander, arrived in port early Wed space at the market and will certainly nesday forenoon after a splendid run do business on a large scale. There has been for several years here talk of fishing by steam the same as on the Coast, but this is the first serious movement in direction of carrying out a business idea that has been frequently endorsed. There is capital as well as intelligence and experience in the new enterprise and it should be a suc-

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, May 10. Am. bktn. Amelia, Willer, from Seat-

Am. schr. Annie M. Campbell, Freiburg, from Port Townsend. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

Stmr. Mokolii, from Molokai ports. Wednesday, May 11. O. S. S. Zealandia, Dowdell, from San Francisco.

C.-A. S. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, commander, from the Colonies. Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, from

Thursday, May 12. Stmr. James Makee, Tuliet, from Kapus. Am. bktn. Planter, Dow, from San

Francisco. Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, from Oahu Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Kausi,

DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, May 10. O. & O. S. S. Doric, Smith, for San Sunr. Kinau, Clarké, for Maui and

Stmr. Claudine, Freeman, for Maui ports. Kaena, Mosher, for Oahu Simt.

DOTIE. Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, for Kauai ports. Strur. Mikahala, Thompson, for

and Kukushaele. Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Kau-

Wednesday, May 11. C.-A. S. S. Aorangi, Hepworth, for Vancouver and Victoria.

Am. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, for San Francisco.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for

Thursday, May 12. Stmr. Kaena, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stinr. Noesu, Pederson, for Kanal PASSENCERS.

Arrivals.

From San Francisco, per C. S. S. Zealandia, May 11-Geo. B. Greig, wife and two children, Mrs. J. E. Kelley, J. E. Medan, B. H. Mitchel and wife

Mrs. E. J. Murphy, Thos. Ryan, J. M.

Sims, Mrs. H. M. Wells. From Kaual, per stmr. Nocau, May 12-Rt. Rev. A. Willis and wife, C. Wolters, Mrs. W. H. Rice, J. H. Coney, L. Wilcox, W. E. Rowell.

Departures. For San Francisco, per O. & O. S. S. Doric, May 10-Miss C. Hartwell, Miss D. Hartwell, Miss Margaret Livingston, E. Lindemann, T. H. Garkink, Capt. H. Krebs, Mr. W. G. Logan, Mrs. Admiral Miller, Mr. E. A. Brown, Mrs. Haywood and two children and nurse, Ensign Smith, U. S. N.

For Maul, per stmr. Claudine, May 10-Miss Kate Vida, Miss Cornwell, Miss Dickey, Mrs. C. H. Dickey, Mrs. L. Lampe, Miss Blethen, Dr. M. Wacha, C. M. Zellers, S. W. Kaai, Mr. Castendyck, W. H. Campbell and wife.

For Kauai ports, per stmr. W. G Hall, May 10-C. E. Haynes and wife, Philip Rice, Mrs. C. O. Berger, F. Waldron, Mrs. S. Kaiu, Mrs. Hardy, Chas. Hall, Master Kaiu and Walawala.

For Maui and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Kinau, May 10-Volcano: Miss Juli-ette B. Cooke, Miss Kate M. Cooke. For Hilo: William Hay, Miss Augusta Meine, Col. G. F. Little, H. C. Easton, George C. Beckley, Mrs. L. T. Grant, R. Guessefeldt, John Rothwell, Dr. Kellogg, A. L. Lingle. For Mahu-H. L. Holstein, Mrs. E. H. Ward. For Makena: G. L. Kopa, Abe Kalilikane. For Koholzlele: Mrs. J. W. Leonhardt, Mrs. Lingle. For Kati; William McInerny, W. G. Walker.

For Vancouver and Vicotria, per Ga A. S. S. Aorangi, May 1-J. Marsden. Mr. and Mrs. Kynnersley and som, Mrs. J. Wzkefield, Miss Renton, Dr. and Mrs. J. Wight, Miss K. Wight, Mrs. R. W. Filler, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bowen and son, Miss A. M. Sturgeon, C. A. Forbes, C. E. Dunwell, C. G. Janger, A. Ferguson, J. W. Jamie and 13 in the steerage.

BY AUTHORITY

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE

On Tuesday, May 31st, at 12 o'clock noon, at the effice of J. Kaelemaknie Kailua, N. Kema, will be sold at Public

Lease of a portion of the lamb PUUANAHUEU, N. KONA, containing 12,000 acres, more or less.

Term of lease, 21 years. Upset rental, \$150 per year, perable gemi-annually in advance.

Also at same time and place will b sold 116.1 acres, at said PUUNANAS HULU, under special conditions of payment and improvement.

Upset price \$290.25. For full particulars as to terms of granted. above, plans, etc., apply at Public Honolulu, May 10, 1898. Lands Office, Honolulu, or to J. Kae-

J. F. BROWN. Agent of Public Lands. Honolulu, May 2, 1898.

lemakule, Kailua, Kona.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On June 4th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary deceased, having been presented to at 11 o'clock noon of said day. Building, will be sold at Public Auc. said Court together with a petition for

Hana, Maui.

Area, 1,115 acres, a little more of Terms, 21 years from May 2, 1899.

Upset rental, \$100 per year, payable emi-annually in advance.

Lease subject to restrictions for forest preservation, and to reservations for settlement purposes.

For full particulars apply at Publical Lands Office, Honolulu. J. F. BROWN.

Agent of Public Lands. Honolulu, May 2, 1898.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, May 14th, at 18 moon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building,

will be sold at auction: Lease of the Government lands of Kamilolos and Makakupais, Molokai, containing 4,956 acres, more or less.

Term of lease, 21 years. Uppet rental, \$200 per year, payable emi-annually in advance.

Lease subject to special provisions for forest preservation, for eradicating show cause, if any they have, why lantana, and to reservation for settle Baid petition should not be granted. ment purposes.

For full particulars, plans, etc., apply at office of Public Lands, Honolulu. J. F. BROWN,

Agent of Public Lands 1959-td

UNION MILL CO.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the Union Mill Co., held at the offices of the company in Kohala, on May 2, 1898, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President..........Mr. James Remton Vice-President and Secretary...... Mr. Henry H. Renton TreasuretMr. F. M. Swanzy AuditorMr. T. R. Keyworth

Secretary. Kohala, Hawaii, May 2, 1898. 1867-\$t

IN THE CHOUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawalian Islands. By the Court,

Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the interior ad interim vs. George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke. Action for condemnation of land for public use.

The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiiah Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon George H. Newton and Caroline Newton Clarke, defendants in case they shall file written enswer within twenty said Court together with a petition for days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August Term thereof, to be holden at Honoiciu, Island of Onlia, on Monday the 1st day of August next, at ten o'clock A. M., to show cause why the claim of Henry E. Cooper, Minister of the Interior ad interim, appointed the time and place for provplaintiff should not be awarded to him ing said will and heaving said applipursuant to the tenor of his annexed

And have you then there this Writ with full return of your proceedings

> Witness Hon. A. Perry, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 11th day of May, 1898.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk 1967-3ms

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE Second Circuit, Republic of Hawail. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of W. Y. Horner of Lahaina, Maui, deceased, intestate.

Petition having been filed by W. L. Decoto, son-in-law of said intestate, praying that Letters of Administration upon said Estate be issued to W. L. Decote, notice is hereby given that Thursday, the 9th day of June, 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M., in the Circuit Court Room of the Second Circuit at Walluku, Maui, is appointed the time and place for hearing said Petition when said petition should not be granted. and where all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they. have, why said Petition should not be

granted. Dated Walluku, Maui, May 5, 1898. By the Court

H. F. TAVARES. Clerk Circuit Court Second Circuit 1967-70F

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate. In the Matter of the Estate of Eleazer Lazarus, of Henolulu,

Oahu, deceased. The last will and testament of said leceased, having been presented to said Court, and a petition for the Prohate themsel, and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to Joseph O.

Carter having been filed: Notice is hereby given that Monday June 13, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock B. M. in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said Will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be

By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS,

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Robert N. Cowes, deceased.

the Probate thereof, and for the issu-Lease of Government land of Wakie, since of Letters Testamentary to Marthe undersigned. garet G. Cowes, having been filed: Notice is hereby given, that Monday. June 13, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Honolulu, May 11, 1898. By the Court,

GEORGE LUCAS. Clerk. 1967-3LF

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of John R. Silva, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate.

Petition having been filed by Malia Bilva, widow of said intestate, praying that Letters of Administration upon said estate be issued to her, notice is hereby given that Friday, the 10th day of said James Robinson, and also by of June, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition when and where all persons concerned may appear and

By the Court: P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

Honolulu, May 11th, A. D. 1898.

IN THE CERCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawalian Islands. In Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of Affred Alexander Tood, late of Apia, Ba-

proving said will and hearing said when due. application, when and where any per- Notice is also hereby given, that all son interested may appear and show and singular the lands, tenements and

Honolulu, April 28, 1898.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FOURTH

In the matter of the Estate of James

The last will and testament of said

deceased, having been presented to

the Probate thereof, and for the is-

spance of Letters Testamentary to Dr.

Charles H. Wetmore, having been filed,

May 27, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m.

notice is hereby given that Friday,

in the Court House, Hilo, Hawali, is

eation when and where any persons

Hilo, Hawkii, April 26, 1898.

Adams Martin, deceased,

Circuit of the Hawalian Islands.

1983-8tF

In Probate.

GEORGE LUCAS,

Clerk.

cause, if any they have, why the gray- hereditaments in said mortages conor of said petition should not be great- tained and described will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen Stree in said Honolulu, on Monday, the 10th day of May, A. D. (1898, at 12 o'clock

noon of said day. The property in said mortgages is thus described, namely:

FIRST-All that piece or parcel of land, part of the Ill of Pau (L. C. A. 8559B to W. C. Lunalilo), situate at Waikiki, in said Island of Oahu, comprising an area of 53,504 square feet." and being the piece or parcel of land more particularly described in and conveyed to said mortgagor by deed of Lau Chong dated July 8th, 1896, and recorded in the Office of the said Registrar in Liber 164, on page 214.

SECOND.-All that certain tract or parcel of land situate on King Street. at Kapaaken, in said Walkiki, comprising an area of 51-100 of an agent, a portion of Royal Patent 177 to P. J. Gulick, and being the certain tract or parcel of land more particularly dessaid petitioner should mot be granted, cribed in and conveyed to said mortgager by deed of Maxuel A. Fernandes, dated August 14, 1396, and recorded in the Office of the said Registrar in Liber 164, on page 215.

THIRD.—All that piece or parcel of and situate at said Kapaakes, comprising an area of 3 12-200 acres, and being Apana 1 of Royal Patent 2365 to G. P. Judd, and the land conveyed to said mortgagor by deed of John Hao, St., dated January 8, 1897, and recorded in the Office of the said Registrar in Liber 168, on pages 23 and 24 Terms Cash. Deeds at expense of

JOSEPH MARSDEN.

* Mortgagee. For further particulars apply to J. M. MONSARRAT. Attorney for Mortgagee. Dated Honolulu, May 6, 1398. 1965-4tF

Mortgagee's notice of inten-TENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain martgage, dated the 19th day of August, A. D. 1889, made by William Kaleikini and Solemon K. Nihen, both of Hansiel, Island of Kausi; to Alexander J. Cartwright, Trustee of the Estate of R. W. Holt, recorded in the In ancordance with and by virtue or some of the Registrar of Conveyances, power of sale and other provisions in Liber 178, folios 333, 334 and 335. contained in a certain meetgage deep and assigned by Brace Cartwright, the dated September 15th, 1884, from Jons | successor of said & J. Cartweight in than Spooner to S. C. Alless and M. P. said trust to Joseph Hoos of Honolulu, Robinston, trustees of the Estate of Island of Oniu, by assignment dated James Robinson, deceased, recorded in June 5, 1897, and recorded in the office the Registry of Deeds in Homolulu, in of the suid Registrar, in Liber 170, on Book 96, pages 197 and 198, and by folios 345-6, the said Joseph Enos, assaid trustees duly assigned to the said signes of the said mortgage intends to S. C. Allen by assignment dated Octor foreclose the same for a breach of the ber 8th, 1897, and recorded in said conditions in said mortgage contained, Registry in Book 90, page 197, and by to wit: the non-payment of both the

and again assigned to the undersigned tained and described will be mid at by said trustees by assignment deted public auction at the auction rooms April 6th, A. D. 1898, and now being of James F. Morgen, on Queen street recorded in said registry, notice in said Henolulu, on Monday, the 80th is hereby given that the under- day of May, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock

The property in said mortgage is

in said Hanalef, Apana 1 consisting of Notice is also hereby given that all taro land and kula, and containing

11069, issued to Awhea. 2d. All those two certain pieces or parcels of land situate at said Wainiha, Apana I being tare land and containing an area of 1 acre and 20 perches, and Apana 2, a house lot and containing an area of 1 rood and 22 perches, and being the same premises. described in Royal Patent No. 3569, Land Commission Award No. \$267, is-

sued to Pumais. The above mentioned and described premises being the same that were conveyed to the said William Kalelkini by the said Auhea by deed dated February 10, 1881; and recorded in the office of the said Registrar in Liber 73 on folio 75.

3d. All those two certain pieces or parcels of land situate at Waioli, Haelea, in said Island of Kausi, Apana i, being tarb and kula land and containing an area of 3 roods, 35 perches and Apana 2, being taro land and containing an area of I rood, 25 perches, and being the same premises described signments above recited, but also by in Royal Patent No. 5246, Land Commission Award No. 9970, issued to Kaleikini, the father of said William Kaleikini.

4th. All those two certain pieces or parcels of land situate at said Wateli, being Apanas 1 and 4, Land Commission Awards Nos: 3917 and 10305, made to D. Nahau and consisting of a house lot containing an area of \$ roods, 5 perches and four taro batches, containing an area of 3 roods and 37 perches and being the same premises that were conveyed to the said Solomon K. Nihoa, by E. Kahinu and Wahinekapu, by deed dated February 24. 1874, and recorded in the office of the said Registrar, in Liber 39 on folios

Terms Cash. Deeds at expense of purchaser.

JOSEPH ENOS. Assistnee of Mortgage. For further particulars apply to J. M. MONSARRAT, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage. Dated Honoluin, May 6, 1898. 1945-41F



AT THE GARRITE OFFICE. B

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H. H. RENTON.

IN THE CERCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate.

1965-3tF

In the matter of the Betate of Achi K Akan, deceased. The last will and testament of said

deceased, having been presented to said Court together with a petition (or DUTChaser the Probate thereof, and for the issuarce of Letters Testamentary to Wil-Ham O. Smith, having been filed: notice is hereby given, that Monday, May 30th, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said applitistion, when and where any person interested may appear and show cause, if any they have why the prayer of Honolulu, April 27, 1898.

By the Court, GEORGE LUCAS,

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORE-CLOSE AND OF SALE BY AS-SIGNEE OF MORTGAGE.

said S. C. Allen duly assigned to Cecki principal and interest when due. Brown, the undersigned by assignNotice is also hereby given, that all
ment dated November 5th, 1897, and and stigular the lands, tenements and
new being recorded in said Register, hereditaments in said mortgage cousigned Cecil Brown, present assignee noon of said day. and holder of said mortgage, intends to foreclose the same for condition brok- thus described, namely: en, to wit: non-payment of principal lat. All those two certain pieces or

cured by said morigage when due. and singular the lands, tenements and an area of 1 acre, 2 roods, 10 perches, hereditaments in said mortgage con- and Apana 2, being a house lot, area tained and described will be sold at 1 acre 12 perches and being the same public auction at the auction rooms of premises described in Royal Patent James F. Morgan in Honolulu on Mon- No. 3670, Land Commission Award No. The last will and testament of said day, the 6th day of June. A. D. 1888,

For further particulars apply to Kinney & Ballou, Honolulu, Attorneys of

Dated Honolulu, April 7th, 1898. CECIL BROWN. Assignee of Mortgagee.

The premises covered by said mortgaga consists of all that piece and parcel of land situated in Pohakalawain, Kalibi, Island of Oahu, being apana 2 of R. P. No. 681, granted to S. M. Kamakan, consisting of 11.483 acres, and being the same premises conveyed to said Jonathan Spooner by James Kahai, October 11th, 1879, by deed recorded in the said Registry of Deeds in said Hosolulu in Book

31, pages 161 and 162. CECIL BROWN, the above Assignee, gives notice that he owns and holds the above described mortgage from J. Spooner and the note and debt secured thereby, not only by virtue of the asvirtue of the assignment and delivery of the note secured by said mortgage to said S. C. Allen, properly indorsed by both of said trustees of the estate assignment and delivery of said note by said S. C. Allen to the undersigned, properly indersed by said S. C. Allen.

Assignee of Mortgage. Honolulu, April 7th, 1898. . 1967-41F

CECIL BROWN,

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in two sertain mortgages made by Hermann Kaouli, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to Joseph Marsden of said Honolulu, the first dated February 22, 1897, and The last will and testament of said recorded in the Office of the Registrar deceased, having been presented to of Conveyances in Liber 166 on folios sald Court, and a petition for the 464-6, and the second dated Pebruary Probate thereof, and for the issuance 27th, 1897, and recorded in the Office of Letters Testamentary to Jules of the said Registrar in Liber 170 Alfred Rodanet, having been filed: no- folio 21, the said Joseph Marsden, tice is hereby given, that Monday, Mortgagee, intends to foreclose said May 30, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock a. m., mortgages for a breach of the condiin the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, tions in said mortgages contained, tois appointed the time and place for wit; the non-payment of the interest

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